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YORK CITY.

ANDERS & SON.,
ALTIMORE ST.

MECHANICS' HARDWARE,
s, Oils, Glass, &c.
s for the celebrated GENUINE
DY-MIXED PAINT, the king of
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Carriage Hardware, Robes,
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full and complete line of
HOES, FORKS, RAKES AND
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rock bottom prices. Come in.

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H. MAYER,
, Opp. COMPILER Office.
ETTYSBURG, PA.

HAIR
HEALTH
Never fails to Renew Youthful Color and Life to Gray Hair.
Use DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH. Covers BALD spots. Stops dandruff, hair falling, scalp diseases.
Perfect Satisfaction.
Cents Per Large Bottle.
CCEPT ANY SUBSTITUTE.

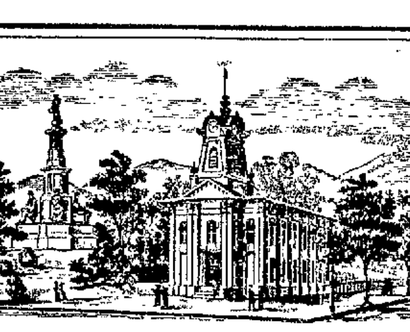
NESS & HEAD NOISES CURED
... INVISIBLE TUBE ... No pain. ... FREE

NOTICE.

C. SEFTON,
BARBER,
Baltimore St., near Middle.
ops, Perfumery, Soaps, &c. for
July 27, 1897. tf

rl'nd Valley R. R.
TIME TABLE
IN EFFECT JUNE 27, 1898.

J. F. BOYD,
Supt.
Agent.



Gettysburg Compiler.

80TH YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PA., AUGUST 9, 1898. NO. 49.

Gettysburg Compiler.

PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY.

STAHLE & BRO., Editors and Proprietors.
SUCCESSORS TO H. J. STAHLE.

TERMS—TWO DOLLARS a year, but if paid strictly in *Cash* and in *advance*, ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS will be accepted. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates. Large reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest hand-bill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, on the opposite side.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. L. Williams,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, first square, in Spangler building.
May 21, 1892. tf

JOHN B. M'PHERSON. DONALD P. M'PHERSON.
McPherson & McPherson,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office second-story *Star and Sentinel* Building. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them. Feb. 11, '96. tf

C. W. Stoner,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office on Baltimore St., on second floor of Columbian Building. Oct. 25, 1892. tf

R. E. Wible,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office on Baltimore St. on second floor of Columbian Building. May 31, '93. tf

Wm. Hersh,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office on Baltimore street, opposite the Court-house.
Sept. 19, 1887. tf

G. J. Benner,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office in rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Brenneman's Drug Store.
Dec. 16, 1890. tf

WM. McCLEAN, Late Pres't. Judge. WM. ARCH. McCLEAN.
Wm. & Wm. Arch McClean,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Offices—West side of Baltimore street, third door from Centre Square. Jan. 8, 1895. tf

J. L. Kendlehart,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Lately practicing in Philadelphia, has removed to Gettysburg and resumed practice in the several Courts of Adams county. Office on Baltimore street, opposite the Court-house, in the rooms recently occupied by Hon. S. McC. Swope. All legal business promptly and carefully attended to. Jan. 29, 1895. tf

W. C. Sheely,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in rooms over G. W. Spangler's Store.
Dec. 16, 1890. tf

Wm. P. Quimby,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, Adams co., Pa.
(Formerly with Judge Wills)
Office on Chambersburg street, next to Buehler's Drug Store. July 19, '87. tf

Chas. E. Stahle,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to his care. Office in COMPILER Building. Mar. 13, 1895. tf

Wm. McSherry, Jr.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, Adams co., Pa.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite the Court-house. Dec. 5, 1894. tf

S. S. Neely,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office on York street, next door to Gettysburg National Bank. June 5, 1894. tf

J. L. Butt,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, second floor of Spangler Building. Feb. 5, '95. tf

John Reed Scott,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in room formerly occupied by Judge Wills, Centre Square. All legal business will receive prompt attention. Sept. 27, 1892. tf

Edward A. Weaver,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office over Amos Eckert's store, northeast corner of the Square, Gettysburg, Pa. Will carefully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. Feb. 15, '87. tf

Dr. C. E. Eckenrode,
FROM Jan. 1, 1898, charges on artificial teeth will be as follows: Sets formerly $7, now $5; $10, now $8; $15, now $10. All work must positively be satisfactory. Oct. 11, '86. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal,
OFFICE ON BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa. Sept. 5, 1878. tf

Dr. Henry Stewart,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office and residence on Baltimore Hill. Special attention paid to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Telephone Call No. 6.
Sept. 24, 1895. tf

Chas. B. Stouffer, D. D. S.
DENTIST, GETTYSBURG, PA.
OFFICE second-floor of *Star and Sentinel* Building.
May 3, 1892. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,
HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of public patronage. April 12, 1886. tf

Dr. J. W. Tudor,
DENTIST, GETTYSBURG, PA.
OFFICE in Eckert Building, second floor. Odontunder always on hand for painless extraction. April 10, 1891. tf

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.
For Sale by L. M. BUEHLER.

E. D. Hudson, V. S.
continues his practice at his office on his farm near
LITTLE ROUND-TOP,
and will devote his time exclusively to it. Close attention given to all stock given into his care, and charges the most moderate.
All Calls Given Prompt Attention.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

ON SATURDAY, the 20th day of AUGUST, 1898, in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, Pa., the subscriber, Administrator of the estate of JANE F. WRIGHT, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, the following Real Estate:

No. 1, THE FARM, situate in Menallen and Butler townships, on the road leading from Biglerville to Bendersville, and about 2 miles from either place, and 1 mile Northwest of Sunny Side Station, on the G. & H. R. R., adjoining lands of Alice Wright, C. L. Longsdorf, Wm. H. Black, Frank Osborne, and Levi Crum, containing 8 ACRES and 118 PERCHES, more or less, of excellent land, well adapted to the raising of fruit and vegetables. The improvements consist of a Double, Two-story Frame and Brick HOUSE, arranged and suited for either one or two families, a large Barn, with Crib and Wagon Shed, Carriage House, Wood House and other Out-buildings, a Stone Milk House with a never-failing Spring of good Water. There is a Fountain for stock, and an Apple Orchard and Pears, Grapes and other Fruit. The house is ¼ mile from Flora Dale P. O., ½ mile from public school and meeting-house, and mills, churches and villages are nearby and easily accessible, making this a convenient and pleasant place of residence.

No. 2, A Tract of WOODLAND, in Menallen township, 1½ miles North of Bendersville, adjoining lands of John Bishop, Edw. Deatrick, W. H. Black and others, containing 17½ ACRES. The tract is covered by a good growth of Chestnut, Oak, Maple, etc. It will be sold in One Tract, or in Lots to suit purchasers. Persons wishing to view woodland please call on Joseph Pagaund, living near.

Sale of Tract No. 1 on the premises, at 1 o'clock, p. m. Sale of No. 2 on Woodland at 5 o'clock, p. m. Terms made known on day of sale by WM. H. BLACK, Flora Dale,
July 19, 1898. ts Administrator.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
Town Property.

ON SATURDAY, the 27th day of AUGUST, 1898, the undersigned, Executor of the will of ADAM BUTT, deceased, late of Gettysburg, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, the following Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

No. 1, A LOT OF GROUND, on West Middle street, near Washington street, Gettysburg, fronting 30 feet on said street and running Northward 180 feet to a 12-foot alley, adjoining lot of Perry Gilbert on the West and W. D. McSherry on the East, improved with a large Two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, good Frame Stable, other Out-buildings, Well of Water and a variety of Choice Fruit. The buildings are all in good condition and the property a very desirable one.

No. 2, A LOT OF GROUND on corner of Washington street and a public alley, being the Northern end of the lot owned by Perry Gilbert, fronting 40 feet on Washington street, and running Eastward along said alley 30 feet, adjoining Lot No. 1 on the East, without improvements. This is very desirable as a business site. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JOHN P. BUTT, Executor.
J. M. Caldwell, Auct.
July 26, 1898. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1898, the undersigned, Assignee of JOHN K. McILHENNY AND WIFE, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, in Cumberland township, the following valuable Real Estate, viz:

Tract No. 1, THE HOME FARM, located on the Chambersburg pike, about 4 miles from Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Capt. James Mickley, Andrew Hartman, Oliver Culbson, J. C. Wierman, Emanuel Keller and others, improved with a FINE TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, good Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Cribs, Hog Pen, Chicken House and other Out-buildings, and containing about 50 ACRES, more or less. This is a most desirable property, with good Wells of Water, plenty of Fruit, and convenient to schools, churches and mills. The land is in a good state of cultivation and the fences are in repair.

Also, at the same time and place:

No. 2, A Tract of GOOD TIMBER LAND, in Franklin township, adjoining lands of Wm. Bieseker, Jos. Wierman, V. K. McIlhenny, —— Shuff, and others, containing about 8½ ACRES.

Sale to begin at 1.30 p. m., when terms will be made known by J. EDWARD SCHRIVER,
July 19, 1898. ts Assignee.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
TOWN PROPERTY.

ON THURSDAY, the 25th day of AUGUST, 1898, the undersigned, Administratrix of the estate of DANIEL S. FUHRMAN, late of Gettysburg, Adams county, deceased, by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of said county, will sell at Public Sale the following described Real Estate:

All That LARGE LOT OF GROUND, fronting 118 feet, more or less, on Railroad or North street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, adjoining lots of Geo. W. Stallsmith on the East and John A. Lavers on the West, and extending back about 180 feet to a public alley, having a width in the rear of 114 feet, more or less; improved with a Large 2½ Story BRICK HOUSE, Stables and Cattle Yards, Spring of Water and other Out-buildings. The improvements are all comparatively new and in good condition.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, p. m., when attendance will be given and terms made known by SARAH A. FUHRMAN,
Aug. 2, 1898. ts Administratrix.

THE BABY'S TRUE FRIEND
HODNETT'S GEM SOOTHING SYRUP,
For Sale by all Dealers.
PRICE 25 CENTS.
For Teething Babies it has no Equal. It Cures Almost Instantly Colic, Griping Diarrhœa, Etc., will Prevent Cholera Infantum, and Keep the Baby in Good Healthy Condition.
Mar. 29, '98. 1y

Carpets, Mattings,
LINOLEUM and
OIL CARPETS.

Having bought these goods before the advance we are enabled to offer our entire
SPRING LINE
AT OLD PRICES——

A RARE CHANCE FOR BARGAINS

To close out what remains of them we will sell, at a great reduction, our stock of
BLANKETS.
They represent one of the best Mills in the country, and this is an opportunity to buy good
BLANKETS VERY LOW.

SKELLY & WARNER.

The Compiler.

Gettysburg, Pa., Tuesday, August 9, 1898.

A Forest Duel.

DEADLY COMBAT BETWEEN A TIGER AND A WILD BOAR IN THE JUNGLES OF INDIA.

In the July number of the *Wide World Magazine* the Hon. James Inglis tells the story of a fight between a tiger and a wild boar in the region of the Ganges, in India. A quivering, long-drawn, pulsating sigh seemed to be wafted at intervals across the dark, misty plain, he writes, as the cold night breeze swept through the feather tops of the long jungle grass, and the bending stalks rustled and shivered and nodded their plumed heads together. The atmosphere was heavy with the penetrating odor of cattle-dung fires, burnt at every Baton all night, partly to scare off wild beasts, but quite as much to ward off the attacks of the hordes of mosquitoes which hover in clouds about the camps. Occasionally a soft, stealthy foot-fall would make itself barely preceptible to our strained sense of hearing, as an inquisitive jackal or possibly a porcupine or mongoose would creep near. All of a sudden Jhanki gently touched my arm and whispered in my ear so low that I could scarcely catch his accents: "Look to the right, sir!"

I noiselessly turned my head in the direction indicated and felt a thrill as I saw what seemed in the misty gray shadows of the night, looming big and indistinct against the dull sky-line, to be a great bulky mass, which Jhanki assured me in the same low whisper was an enormous boar. He was coming straight toward us, slouching along in a seemingly slovenly, unconcerned manner, stopping now and then to give a self-satisfied grunt, and rooting with his great, strong, flexible snout at almost every step. I was just about taking a sight to cover the boar's brawny chest when suddenly he struck an attitude and raised his head and stood out clearer, sharper and well-defined, a noble picture of unconscious grace and massive strength. Immediately from the jungle came forth a sudden growling, prolonged roar, which told us that more royal prey was afoot. Jhanki's clutch upon my arm was becoming tighter. I could hear his quick, sharp breath as he hissed in my ear, "A tiger!"

The tusker did not seem exceedingly alarmed. His attitude seemed to say: "I fear no foe, and I care not for the growl even of a tiger." Lowering his head with an angry toss, he gave a loud and savage grunt—a deep "hoo! hoo!"—as if taking up the challenge, and defying the tiger to do his worst. And now I became witness of such a scene as it is only possible to witness in these wild jungles, where the most thrilling tragedies are being continually rehearsed. As if accepting the grunt of the boar as a gage of battle, a louder roar from the jungle was the response, and forth into the arena, with a bound, came out a magnificently-formed young tiger, lashing his lean flanks with his angry tail, his mustachios bristling with rage, his lips retracted, showing his gleaming fangs, and the bushy hair round his throat and neck stiff, like a great ruff round his fine, fierce face, as he seemed determined to force the fighting and win the victory by a sudden coup. Alas! for the young tiger! He was evidently unsophisticated, and not well versed in jungle attack. He had probably been accustomed to find such quarry as timorous deer, or a poor, stray heifer of the herd overcome with terror at the sound of his magnificent roar. The old gray boar he had stumbled on now, however, was a champion of quite a different kidney, much to the tiger's evident astonishment. It was really whimsical to observe the young tiger's sudden attitude of bewilderment. The old boar did not seem to mind the roar so much as might have been anticipated. He actually repeated his "hoo! hoo!" only in a, if possible, more aggressive, insulting and defiant manner. Nay, more, such was his temerity that he actually advanced with a short, sharp rush in the direction of the striped intruder. I am sure that if the tiger could have retreated then with any dignity he would have been content to have "cried off" there and then. He evidently found that he had "woke up the wrong passenger," and that possibly for his first fight he had caught rather a tartar, and the boar seemed on his part rather to resent his intrusion as something which was not to be tolerated for an instant. This rash, presumptuous, intrusive bully, tiger or no tiger, must be taught to respect the rights of priority of possession.

The tiger was now crouching low, crawling stealthily round and round the boar, who changed front with every movement of his lithe and sinewy adversary, keeping his determined head and sharp, deadly tusks ever facing his stealthy and treacherous foe, the bristles of the boar's back were up at right angles from the strong spine. The wedge-shaped head poised on the strong neck, and the thick rampart of muscular shoulder was bent low, and the whole attitude of the body betokened full alertness and angry resoluteness. In their circlings the two brutes were now nearer to each other and nearer to us. The tiger was now growling and showing his teeth; and all this, that takes such a time to tell, was but the work of a few short minutes. Crouching now still lower, till he seemed almost flat on the ground, and gathering his sinewy limbs beneath his lithe, lean body, he suddenly startled the stillness with a loud roar, and, quick as lightning, sprang upon the boar.

For a brief minute the struggle was thrilling in intense excitement. With one swift, dexterous sweep of the strong paw, the tiger fetched the boar a terrific slap right across the jaw, which made the strong beast reel; but with a hoarse grunt of resolute defiance, with two or three short, sharp digs of the strong head and neck, and swift, cutting blows of the cruel, gashing tusks, he seemed to make a hole or two in the tiger's coat, and presently both combatants were streaming with gore. This was round number one. The boar had evidently got more than he bargained for. The tremendous buffet of the sharp claws had torn flesh and skin away from off the boar's cheek and forehead, leaving a great ugly flap hanging over his face, and half blinding him. But Master Stripes had not come off scatheless. There were two or three ugly rips in his chest and neck, from which copious streams were flowing, and there was a troubled indecision about the sweep of his long tail which betokened a mind ill at ease, and seemed to say: "I wish I were well out of this."

The pig was now on his mettle. With another hoarse grunt he made straight for the tiger, who very dexterously eluded the charge, and lithe and quick as a cat after a mouse, doubled almost on himself, and alighted clean on the boar's back, inserting his teeth above the shoulders, tearing with his claws, and biting out great mouthfuls of flesh from the quivering carcass of his maddened antagonist. He seemed now to be having all the best of it. So much so that the boar discreetly stumbled and fell forward, whether by accident or design I know not; but the effect was to bring the tiger clean over his head, sprawling clumsily on the ground. I almost shouted, "Ah, now you have him!" for the tables were turned. This was round number two. Getting his forefeet on the tiger's prostrate body, the boar now gave two or three short, ripping gashes with the strong, white tusks, almost disembowelling his foe, and then, exhausted seemingly by the effort, apparently giddy and sick, he staggered aside, and lay down panting and champing his tusks, but still defiant, with his head to the foe. This was round number three. But the tiger, too, was sick—sick unto death. The blood-letting had been too much for him. And now, thinking that it was time for the interference of a third party, I let the two disabled combatants have the contents of both my barrels, and we had the satisfaction presently of seeing the struggling limbs grow still.

The Naval Salute.

The Significance of the Formalities Extended on Shipboard.

No salute exceeds twenty-one guns, and no salute is ever fired except between sunrise and sunset, when, says a writer in *St. Nicholas*, the national colors must be displayed; but it is also usual not to fire salutes before 8 a. m. Whenever the President is embarked in a ship-of-war flying his flag all other United States ships-of-war and naval stations near which he passes will fire the national salute.

Side-boys are detailed usually from the apprentice boys. They stand each side of the gangway, in line, and salute by touching their caps as visiting officials come on board or leave. Commissioned officers board and leave a ship by the starboard gangway. Warrant officers, naval cadets and enlisted men use the port gangway.

After nightfall, all boats coming close to the ship are hailed by the marine sentry or by the quartermaster with the words, "Boat ahoy!" A flag officer answers, "Flag;" a commanding officer answers the name of his ship; other commissioned officers answer "Aye, aye;" warrant officers and naval cadets answer "No, no;" while enlisted men answer "hello!"

Every officer and man, on reaching the upper deck, salutes the national flag, and this salute is returned by the officer of the watch at hand.

Flag-officers are addressed by their titles of admiral or commodore; captains and commanding officers are called "captain;" all other officers are called "Mr." and not by their official titles, though in addressing them in writing these titles are always used. The surgeons, however, are usually called "doctor," and paymasters of any grade "paymaster."

Boat salutes are given by tossing oars, which means holding them upright in the air with the blades fore and aft; or by lying on oars, by which is meant holding the oars horizontal as they rest in the rowlocks. Coxswains of boats stand and salute when passing boats containing officers. All officers and men, whether in uniform or not, meeting a senior officer afloat or ashore, salute by touching the cap.

When a ship of the navy enters a port of any nation where there is a fort or battery, or where a ship-of-war of that nation may be lying, she shall fire a salute of twenty-one guns, provided the captain is satisfied that the salute will be returned. The flag of the nation saluted will be displayed at the main during the salute.

National airs of foreign states having war vessels in company with our own will be played by our bands as a compliment.

HOW TO SELECT A BOY.

A gentleman advertised for a boy and nearly fifty applicants presented themselves to him. Out of the whole number he selected one and dismissed the rest.

"I should like to know," said a friend, "on what ground you selected that boy, who had not a single recommendation?"

"You are mistaken," said the gentleman; "he has a great many. He wiped his feet when he came in and closed the door after him, showing that he was careful. He gave his seat instantly to that lame old man, showing that he was thoughtful. He took off his cap when he came in and answered my questions promptly, showing that he was gentlemanly.

"He picked up the book which I had purposely laid on the floor and replaced it upon the table, and he waited quietly for his turn, instead of pushing and crowding, showing that he was honorable and orderly. When I talked to him I noticed that his clothes were brushed, his hair in order; when he wrote his name I noticed that his finger nails were clean.

"Don't you call those things letters of recommendation? I do; and I would give more for what I can tell about a boy by using my eyes ten minutes than all the recommendations he can bring me."—*London Graphic.*

HAM. FISH SAVED A CHILD.

Hamilton Fish will long be remembered in San Antonio, Texas, as the hero of one of the most thrilling episodes that took place in the camp of the rough riders. On the day before the "terrors" left for Tampa they gave an exhibition drill, which was witnessed by thousands of persons. Lieutenant-Colonel Roosevelt was in command, and ordered the entire regiment to charge. As the thousand troopers were dashing upon a hill a ragged little Mexican child scampered out in front of the galloping column of horses.

Hamilton Fish was one of the few who saw the danger. He spurred his horse ahead of the column, and while galloping at full speed snatched the child up with a dexterity that would have done credit to an Arizona plainsman.—*New York Press.*

Bravely Faced Death.

DURING the winter of 1863-64 it was the fortune of General Cullen A. Battle, of Alabama, to be president of the court-martial of the Army of Northern Virginia. One bleak December morning, while the snow covered the ground and the wind howled around his camp, he left his bivouac fire to attend the session of court at Round Oak Church. Case after case was disposed of, and at length the case of the Confederate States vs. Edward Cooper was called—charge, desertion.

A low murmur rose spontaneously from the battle-scarred spectators as the young artilleryman rose from the prisoners' bench, and in response to the question, 'Guilty or not guilty?' answered, "Not guilty." The judge advocate was proceeding to open the prosecution when the court, observing that the prisoner was unattended by council, interposed, and inquired of the accused, "Who is your council?" He replied, "I have no council."

Supposing that it was Cooper's purpose to represent himself before the court, the judge advocate was instructed to proceed. Every charge and specification against the prisoner was sustained. The prisoner was then told to introduce his witnesses. He replied, "I have no witnesses." Astonished at the calmness with which he seemed to be submitting to what he regarded as inevitable fate, General Battle said to him, "Have you no defense? Is it possible that you abandoned your comrades and deserted your colors in the presence of the enemy without any reason?"

He answered, "There was a reason, but it will not avail me before a military court."

General Battle then said, "Perhaps you are mistaken; you are charged with the highest crime known to military law, and it is your duty to make known the causes that influenced your actions."

For the first time Cooper's manly form trembled and his blue eyes swam in tears. Approaching the president of the court, he presented a letter, saying as he did so, "There, general, is what did it."

General Battle opened the letter, and in a moment his eyes filled with tears. It was passed from one to another of the court until all had seen it, and those stern warriors, who had passed with Stonewall Jackson through a hundred battles, wept like children. As soon as the president sufficiently recovered his self-possession he read the letter as the defense of the prisoner. It was in these words:

"DEAR EDWARD: I have always been proud of you; since your connection with the Confederate army I have been prouder of you than ever before. I would not have you do anything wrong for the world; but, before God, Edward, unless you come home we must die! Last night I was aroused by little Eddie's crying, 'O, mamma, I'm so hungry!' And Lucy, Edward, your darling Lucy, she never complains, but grows thinner and thinner every day. And, before God, Edward, unless you come home we must die.
"YOUR MARY."

Turning to the prisoner, General Battle asked, "What did you do when you received this letter?"

He replied, "I made application for a furlough, and it was rejected; again I made application, and it was rejected; a third time I made application, and it was rejected, and that night as I wandered backward and forward in the camp, thinking of my home, the wild eyes of Lucy looking up to me, with the burning words of Mary sinking in my brain, I was no longer the Confederate soldier, but I was the father of Lucy and the husband of Mary, and I would have passed those lines if every gun in the battery had been fired upon me.

"When I arrived home Mary ran out to meet me, and embraced me, and whispered:

"'O, Edward, I am so happy; I am so glad you got your furlough.' She must have felt me shudder, for she turned as pale as death, and catching her breath at every word, she said:

"'Have you come without your furlough? O, Edward, go back! Go back! Let me and the children go down to the grave together; but, O, for heaven's sake, save the honor of your name!'

"And here I am, gentlemen; not brought here by military power, but in obedience to the command of Mary, to abide the sentence of your court."

Every officer of that court-martial felt the force of the prisoner's words. Before them stood, in beatific vision, the eloquent pleader for a husband's and a father's wrongs; but they had been trained by the great leader, Robert E. Lee, to tread the path of duty though the lightning flash scorched the ground beneath their feet, and each in his turn pronounced the verdict, "Guilty."

Fortunately for humanity, fortunately for the Confederacy, the proceedings of the court were reviewed by the commanding general, and upon the record was written:

"HEADQUARTERS A. N. V.

"The finding of the court approved. The prisoner is pardoned, and will report to his company.
R. E. LEE, General.
—*Washington Post*

ELISHA (inclined to be facetious)—"I'm getting to be pretty bald, aren't I? 'Spose you'll have to cut my hair for about half price hereafter, eh?"

Tonsorial Artist—"Oh, no, sir; we always charge double when we have to hunt for the hair!"

U. S. INFANTRY TACTICS

COMPILED BY A FIGHTING GENERAL FOR OFFENSIVE WORK.

The fighting methods of the United States infantry have now become of interest to the most peaceable newspaper reader. The peace-loving development of the United States explains why it was the last nation that reformed its military tactics in a modern sense. Up to 1891 Upton's "Tactics," which did not even absolutely recognize the skirmish line, was the rule. It prescribed for rank and file the closest alignment. While Upton and his "closed order" have been done away with by the new infantry regulations of October, 1891, there is still much of the spirit of this antiquated rule in the present fighting formation.

At present the company, 106 men, is the tactical unit in the United States infantry. With its exclusive two-rank formation it presents a front of fifty men and two men as guides. The alignment is six inches, hence less than elbow-touch. In closed order the company is divided into twenty-five "fours," which, as soon as the company advances under fire, are called squads. Two such squads in the skirmish line form a section, with a non-commissioned officer, usually a sergeant, as leader. Two sections form a platoon, commanded by a commissioned officer. In regard to the number of sections and platoons to the company the present regulations leave much discretion, and the same is the case with the next highest formation, the battalion, which may consist of from two to six companies.

Even tacticians of the European armies admit that the discretion in the size of the battalion is no mistake but an advantage. Soldiers who stood in closed order under fire during the Franco-Prussian war recognize the much-praised German tactical unit, the battalion, is too unwieldy.

According to the military definition the tactical unit of an army ought to be the maximum of men which a commander can reach with his voice. With the present rapid firing, both for small arms and field guns, it is impossible for a German company commander to reach his 200 men with his voice, far less can the battalion commander do so.

The regulation step of the United States is thirty inches, or 0.76 meter, and the time is 110 to the minute. In the German army the step is 0.80 meter, or a little more than one-half of one per cent, larger and the time is 112 to the minute, or a little more than 2½ per cent. slower.

Regarding the change from the marching formation to the battle line, the present infantry regulations of the United States army prescribe that as soon as the company enters the zone of the enemy's artillery the line, company front, is formed and the company advances in this formation until the artillery fire begins to be effective, a distance of about 2500 yards.

Then the company commander pushes out a number of skirmishers or scouts in charge of a non-commissioned officer. Before advancing the latter is informed by the company commander of the tactical task of the company and the direction of the attack, and next the scouts—six or eight men of a section which the company commander reserves for support—seek to reach a distance of about 150 yards from the enemy's front.

This accomplished, the company commander pushes out two sections in line and the other sections follow as support of both the skirmishers and the advance sections. Regarding the distance between the fire line and the support sections the regulations contain nothing definite. This distance is in the German infantry about 500 yards.

In the meantime the scouts, who must be good shots and must be particularly agile in taking advantage of any cover the territory may afford, open skirmishing fire. The next following two sections form a line, keeping the squads together as closely as possible, and at about 900 yards these squads break into skirmish line and take up the scouts or first skirmishers.

The opening of the company firing should be retarded as long as possible, though the company commander, if the enemy shows exposure, order volleys by the company or by designated sharpshooters, in each instance designating the number of volleys. The first volley is at the same time the signal for the two support sections to close up, one at each of the two wings of the company.

For the distance from 900 yards the company advances in line, firing by sections, the firing to be volleys exclusively. Five hundred yards distant from the enemy the company advances in leaps, the advance to be by sections in such manner that the temporary resting sections fire volleys over the heads of the rushing sections.

The leaps or rushes are short, about fifteen yards. They are followed by rushes in lines, and at 400 yards distance from the enemy the company commander orders rapid firing bayonets fixed. Rapid fire upon the retreating enemy and rules for repulsion of a counter attack by the enemy form the close of the normal attack of the infantry company.

It should be borne in mind that this fighting method of the United States infantry is called normal—and the same term is also applied to the tactics of other armies—because, as a rule, it can be executed exactly only upon the drill ground, and is therefore, mostly abnormal in actual warfare.

The present United States infantry tactics are, as has been said, formed after European patterns, and it appears that the French tactics have been followed in the main. The French on the other hand, remodeled their infantry tactics toward the close of the '80's, immediately following the Russo-Franco alliance, after the Russian style, and the latter, in turn, is patterned in its material points after the German infantry tactics.

The exception in favor of the United States is the maintenance of the company formation as a unit instead of that of the battalion.

The scouts of the skirmish line have been taken from the French tactics, where they are called "eclaireurs." But it would seem as if, in decisive actions at least the days of the scout in modern warfare are past. A loose chain of scouts cannot maintain any effective fire at a great distance unless the enemy offers an unusually favorable aim, which can hardly be supposed in the modern science of war. Such a chain of scouts may, on the contrary, hinder the support which follows at 150 yards' distance from doing effective work without endangering its own scouts.

Infantry tactics, as they now rule in the United States army, are obviously compiled for the offensive and not for the defensive. They are eminently the gospel of a "fighting general." The American tactics, however, differ from the Russo-French in avoiding the latter's close order and in bringing to the front a larger firing line.

The attack with fixed bayonets, also is likely to be scarce in modern warfare because the effect of the improved small arms of the present day is so destructive that the volley of a compact firing line will in most cases dislodge the enemy. Hence the better rifle and the cooler and better rifleman will almost invariably decide the attack.

JUST CATCHING FISH.

One day last week a Boston party on a fishing trip to Moosehead came across one of the old-school fishermen. He was up off the mouth of Tomhegan stream and was fishing out of a lumberman's bateau. It developed later that he was the cook for a crew of river drivers. On the bank near at hand stood the cookee, or his helper. The cook had thrown about a peck of table refuse into the lake in order to "tole" the fish, and over that hole he was having great luck. His pole was of the jibboom variety, and when a fish bit he would derrick it over his head into the bushes where the cookee was stationed.

The Boston men from their canoes watched the operations with all the disgust of the true sportsmen.

"Got enough for supper yet?" shouted the fisherman over his shoulder as he sent another great trout flying into the bushes.

"No; better catch six or eight more," shrilled back the cookee.

"Say, how many fish do you two fellows usually eat for supper?" shouted a Boston man who didn't understand the situation.

"When you've cooked for twenty-two river drivers as long as I have," yelled the cook, derricking another fish, "you'll know more about empty nail kegs."

Hardly was this enigmatic utterance out when there came a tug at his line that was nothing short of tremendous. He twitched. The fish didn't come. He braced, set his jaws, and pried. His line only sawed the hissing water.

"Play him! Play him!" screamed the excited sportsmen from the city.

"Play your grandmother!" bellowed back the cook. "I ain't here to play. I am here to fish." And as he spoke he boosted over his head a fifteen-pound laker. Any man in the Boston crowd would have given $10 to have played him an hour at the end of an eight-ounce rod. 'Twas too much for their nerves. They came away.—*Lewiston (Me.) Evening Journal.*

GUARDING AGAINST RISK.

"I understand that just before Walter Brown left for the war you promised to marry him."

"That's true," admitted the beautiful girl.

"And that the following day, when Tom Smith was starting with the naval militia, you also became engaged to him."

"Quite right," admitted the beautiful girl.

"And that you accepted an engagement ring from Harry Jones just because he left in answer to the second call for troops."

"That is correct."

"I'd like to know how you reconcile such actions with your conscience."

"My conscience!" exclaimed the beautiful girl. "Why, it was my conscience that drove me to it. Any girl that wouldn't do what she could to make the defenders of her country happy isn't a patriot; and, besides——"

"Well?"

"Don't you suppose I want to have enough so as to make sure that some one of them will come back to marry me?"—*Chicago Post.*

FRANK STANTON'S old darkey observes: "Well, suh, dis war beat de devil! It sho' do. W'y dar wuz Mister Ben—dey call him 'kunnel' in time er peace, en he answer ter 'kunnel' same ez a nigger ter pay day; but when he lan' in de army de Nunited States didn't reckernize his entitlements. De cap'n say ter him: 'Git in line dar, you red-headed devil, en keep yo' mouth shet!' 'Pears lak dis yer guv-ment is a mighty disrespecter er pussons!"

MR. and Mrs. De Wolf Hopper have been divorced, and De Wolf is now a grass Hopper.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

PERHAPS the elder Mr. Leiter feels that he may at least be thankful that the rest of his boys are girls.—*Chicago Record.*

BRIGHT children don't all develop into smart men; some develop into women.

"OH it is nice to live in the suburbs," said the other man. "But wait until you get to pushing the lawn mower and that sort of hard work."

"I won't push the lawn mower," said the man who had just moved. "My boy has never run one of them, so I made a contract with him that if he'd get along with his last year's wheel I'd let him run the mower all summer."—*Indianapolis Journal*

THOUGHTFUL to the Last.—"Didn't your absconding cashier leave you any message?" "Yes; he left a line in the cash box transferring to me his paid-up membership in a Don't Worry Club."—*Chicago Record.*

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PRISONERS OF WAR.

THE TREATMENT ACCORDED THEM BY CIVILIZED NATIONS.

It would seem, says the *New York Evening Telegram*, despite the complaints made concerning the treatment of some of the prisoners of war captured on the prize ships early in the present conflict, that the Government is doing fully as much, if not more, than the usage of civilized nations demands in this connetcion. The practice of nations does not contemplate luxurious appointments and fare for the members of an enemy's forces that may be captured. When one recalls that, even under the rules of modern war, the entire people of a vanquished town, State or nation are still considered the absolute property of the victor, anything short of death would seem to be a concession to humanitarian instincts.

As a matter of fact, however, this sweeping conception of the rights of the victor has not been insisted upon in recent wars. Levying contributions of money, provisions and the like marks the limit of a victor's insistence on his authority over the conquered.

All such, however, are not strictly prisoners of war, and are not generally so treated unless they have joined in the insurrection in a partly conquered territory. Yet prisoners of war are not confined strictly to combatants. Correspondents, sutlers, contractors and the scores of others that make up the train in the wake of every army may also be detained as prisoners of war, if desired by the victors.

Under the rules observed in the American service, however, chaplains, members of the enemy's medical staff, hospital nurses and servants are not held as prisoners of war, unless for some special reason the commander may deem it necessary.

All valuables, such as money, jewels, extra clothing and the like, are considered under the American practice the private property of the individual and are respected as such. Yet, in apparent contradiction of this rule, the writers on this subject state that if any great sums were found on a prisoner the surplus above what was necessary for his maintenance would be turned over to the Government. Any considerable sum distributed among the members of a prisoner's train in the hope of secreting it would also be liable to confiscation.

The generally-accepted rules governing the treatment of prisoners of war prescribe that they shall be subject only to such confinement as is deemed necessary to safety. They cannot be put at any penal labor, but still may be compelled to work for their captors according to their relative rank and condition. Their fare meanwhile is expected to be plain, but wholesome.

In case prisoners of war are caught in the act of escaping they may be shot. But neither death nor any other punishment can afterward be inflicted upon them because of such attempt to regain their liberty.

Any general plot, however, looking to bringing about a rebellion or a general escape of prisoners may be most rigorously punished, even to the point of death.

If a person who has given no pledge escapes and is captured fighting with the enemy, he can still be treated only as a simple prisoner of war.

Among the amenities of the gentle art of treating prisoners is the practice of allowing an enemy to retain his side arms. Such an act simply indicates an appreciation of the bravery or other meritorious qualities of an enemy, and is purely a mere formality, as the hospitable Spaniard's stock announcement that his house is yours. The prisoner retaining his side arms is not permitted to wear them as long as he is in captivity.

Paroles are another form that the amenities are permitted to take. A parole, which simply amounts to giving a prisoner certain liberties on condition that he does not take up arms against the powers granting the liberty, may take various forms. It may simply give the prisoner liberty within certain limits, while on the other hand it may even permit him to return to his own country. Under the latter conditions the person paroled is hardly restricted at all. He could even bear arms, so long as he was not arrayed against the Government granting the parole.

Although the person paroled is on his honor only, a violation of the conditions of a parole is considered so infamous that such things are rare, indeed. Severe and summary punishment would, nevertheless, be permissible under the rules of war if a paroled prisoner were captured again fighting against the Power that he had promised for the time being not to bear arms against.

From the foregoing it would seem that at the worst the treatment that the United States is giving its prisoners of war is at least fully up to the requirements of civilized nations.

With Cervera's sailors housed and fed and otherwise cared for at Portsmouth, they would seem to be better off than the American troops who are still facing yellow fever and Mauser bullets and the doubly ungrateful task of establishing a Cuban republic.

Add to this the fact that the Government is gratuitously answering the inquiries of relatives in Spain concerning the safety of all captured, and that Cervera and the officers under him were taken to Annapolis, and may possibly even be permitted to return to Spain, it would seem that the United States is doing as much toward making its prisoners of war comfortable as the rules of war contemplate under such circumstances.

EARLY RYSER—"Why don't you leave the matchsafe in one place two consecutive times? Every morning I waste five minutes groping for it."

Mrs. Ryser (sleepily, from under the bedclothes)—"How do you expect to find anything in the dark? Why don't you strike a light?"—*Phila. Call.*

"CHOLLIE dear," said Mrs. Giddings anxiously to her husband, 'I don't like that cough of yours." I'm sorry," replied Giddings, "but it's the best I have."

YELLOW JAUNDICE CURED—Suffering humanity should be supplied with every means possible for its relief. It is with pleasure we publish the following: "This is to certify that I was a terrible sufferer from Yellow Jaundice for over six months, and was treated by some of the best physicians in our city and all to no avail. Dr. Bell, our druggist, recommended Electric Bitters; and after taking two bottles, I was entirely cured. I now take great pleasure in recommending them to any person suffering from this terrible malady. I am gratefully yours, M. H. Hogarty, Lexington, Ky." Sold by S. J. Codori, Jr. 4

The Repetition of History in Our War with Spain.

The most awful part of Spain's record is made up by her own historian, Las Casas, a Spanish priest, who has left a full account of the occupation of the west Indies, and especially of Cuba. The natives of these islands, unlike the fierce North American Indians, were a gentle and peaceful race; leading a life of Arcadian simplicity, and sustaining themselves, almost without labor, by the spontaneous products of that garden spot of the earth.

This helpless race was completely exterminated in less than thirty years, and negro slavery substituted. Thus was introduced in this free western hemisphere a false and wicked system, for the perpetuation of which our own great Republic has been called to a fearful account; expiating the sin in the blood of her sons and at a cost of untold millions.

Some of the statements of Las Casas hardly bear recital, and would seem incredible, were it not for the added light thrown on the Spanish character by recent events in Cuba. The unfortunate natives were divided among the Spaniards by a *repartimiento* (an allotment) of slaves—so many slaves to so much land. There being an abundant supply of labor, and Indian lives being considered of no value, it was considered cheaper in the cultivation of certain of the crops to work an Indian to death under the lash and replace him with another, than to give him any care. When they rebelled, as they naturally did occasionally, they were murdered by the hundred, buried alive, impaled, or torn to pieces by blood-hounds. On one occasion, in retaliation for the killing of one of their oppressors, the hands of fifty Indians were chopped off by the Spaniards. Little children were drowned, like puppies, as useless incumbrances.

Las Casas writes thus of "the mingling of religious ideas with the sheerest deviltry." He says that once, in honor and reverence of Christ and His twelve Apostles, they hanged thirteen Indians in a row, at such a height that their toes just touched the ground, and then pricked them to death with their sword-points; taking care not to kill them too quickly, and first gagging them, in order that their cries and groans should not too much disturb the Spaniards. A favorite amusement was a test of their Toledo blades by deciding who could most neatly cleave an Indian in twain at a single blow. *Repartimiento* then, *reconcentrado* now, the result is the same—extermination.

In that "Pearl of the Antilles," which Spain has worn so proudly, which she has so sadly misruled, she is at last to find her Nemesis.—MRS. S. LEONARD THURLOW, in the August *Forum.*

The Corner-stone.

The following is given out relative to the laying of the corner-stone of the new State Capitol:

Work on the new State Capitol building at Harrisburg is progressing, and it is expected that all will be ready for the corner-stone laying on August 10th.

The members of the last Legislature will be invited to take part in the laying of the corner-stone. They appropriated $550,000 for the structure and the members of the Capitol Building Commission believe they should be present at the ceremonies. Besides the legislators, the heads of the departments on Capitol hill and the judges of the supreme and superior courts will be invited to participate.

Gov. Hastings, although not in sympathy with the work of the commission, will probably preside and make a short address introducing Col. A. K. McClure, of Philadelphia, who will deliver the oration. The only living ex-Governors, James A. Beaver and Robert E. Pattison, are also expected to be present. The ceremonies will be plain and simple and the original intention of having a military pageant has been abandoned on account of the war.

Most all of the State officials will be present, although this is the dullest season of the year on Capitol hill.—Nearly all the State officials are away on their vacation.

ILLITERACY IN SPAIN.

According to Official Figures 6,104,170 Persons There are Unable to Read or Write.

The Philadelphia Commercial Museum has compiled from official figures of Spain a few deductions tending to show reasons for the deplorable condition of that country.

The population of that country is estimated at 18,000,000, and nearly half this number have no employment. According to the census 8,726,519 are stated to have no trade or profession, and of these 6,764,-406 are women. The agricultural census is the largest, and is composed of 4,033,291 men, while 828,531 women work in the fields. The total number of persons unable to read or write is estimated as 6,104,470, of whom, 1,417,855 are men. The schools of the country are attended by 1,728,920 pupils of both sexes, for whose instruction there are 39,582 teachers, 24,624 of whom are men.

The following table shows the number of persons engaged in various pursuits:

Public employes, 97,257.
Pensioners, 64,000.
Physicians—Male, 30,487; female, 78.
Writers—Male, 1,171; female, 32.
Actors and actresses, 3,479.
Male servants, 3,307.
Female servants, 319,506.
Professional Beggars—Male, 39,279; female, 51,948.
Priests and monks, 43,328.
Nuns, 28,328.

WHEN Dewey was first lieutenant of one of the gunboats which Farragut used as a dispatch boat, the admiral used often to come aboard and steam up near the levee to reconnoiter, says the *Chicago News.* The Southerners had a way of rushing a field piece to the top of the high bank, firing point blank at the gunboat, and then backing down again. Upon one such occasion Farragut saw Dewey dodge a shot. "Why don't you stand firm, lieutenant?" said he; "don't you know you can't jump quick enough?" A day or so afterward the admiral dodged a shot. The lieutenant smiled and held his tongue; but the admiral had a guilty conscience. He cleared his throat once or twice, shifted his attitude, and finally declared: "Why, sir, you can't help it, sir. It's human nature, and there's an end to it."—*Ex.*

The Wiser Way.

"How fresh and rosy you look, Nora," exclaimed Isabel, who had just returned from the beach, and was greeting her friends.

"Yes dear," replied Nora, "I am feeling splendidly, and mamma says I have an alarming appetite."

"Where in the world have you been since I saw you."

"I have remained at home," replied Nora, "and have worked hard every day. But I have been taking that wonderful medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it has done me, oh, so much good. You see I always like to feel well when I go away, and I leave for the mountain next week."

GEN. MERRITT used to be a printer and ought to realize the importance of sending the forms down on time.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

CAUSE FOR ALARM.

How baldness begins.

How to prevent it.

Every person, male or female, shrinks from baldness. It adds to the appearance of age and is a serious discomfort. The cases are rare when the falling out of the hair may not be stopped, and a new and healthy growth of the hair promoted. The hair grows in the scalp like a plant in the soil. If a plant flourishes, it must have constant attention; it must be watered regularly and find its food in the soil where it is rooted. It's so with the hair. Neglect is usually the beginning of baldness. Dandruff is allowed to thicken on the scalp. The hair begins to loosen. The scalp loses its vitality. The hair, insufficiently nourished, begins to fade and to fall. The instant need in such a case is some practical preparation which, supplying the needed nourishment to the scalp, will feed the hair, give it strength, and so produce a strong and healthy growth. All this is done by Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor, the most practical and valuable preparation for the hair that can be obtained. It tones up the scalp, does away with dandruff, stops the hair from falling, restores the original color to gray or faded hair, and gives an abundant and glossy growth. Those who are threatened with approaching baldness will be interested in the following voluntary statement, made by Alderman S. J. Green, of Spencer, Iowa. He writes:

"About four months ago, my hair commenced falling out so rapidly that I became alarmed, and being recommended Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor by a druggist, I resolved to try this preparation. I have been now using it for three months, and am much gratified to find that my hair has ceased falling out and also that hair which had been turning gray for the past five years has been restored to its original color, dark brown. It gives me much pleasure to recommend this dressing."—S. J. GREEN, Alderman, Spencer, Iowa.

Those who are interested in preserving and beautifying the hair will do well to send for Dr. Ayer's Curebook. A story of cures told by the cured. This book of 100 pages is sent free, on request, by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



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The Compiler.

STAHLE & BRO., EDITORS AND PROPR'S.

Gettysburg, Pa., Tuesday, August 9, 1898.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
GEORGE A. JENKS, of Jefferson.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM H. SOWDEN, of Lehigh.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
PATRICK DELACEY, of Lackawanna.

FOR SUPERIOR JUDGE,
CALVIN M. BOWER, of Centre.
WILLIAM TRICKETT, of Cumberland.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
J. M. WEILER, of Carbon.
FRANK P. IAMS, of Allegheny.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR THE ASSEMBLY,
C. H. DUTTERA, Germany Township.
FRANCIS COLE, Menallen Township.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
A. J. COLLINS, Mountjoy Township.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN A. ROCKWELL, Hamiltonban Tp.

A CONTENTION.

At the Democratic Convention yesterday an animated discussion took place and some violent words were used. In a heated controversy there is apt to be more or less excitement, and things are said which might as well be left unsaid. The question which was in contention arose on the proposition to present to the Convention for its adoption a resolution relating to York county's action in selecting thirteen conferees to represent it in the coming congressional conference.

The merits of the resolution were not debated; the question being rather as to how it should be presented to the Convention. On the one side it was claimed that it should be referred to the Committee on Resolutions, already appointed; on the other side the contention was for direct vote upon it by the Convention. The side advocating the latter view won, and the resolution was adopted, as will be seen in another column.

The Democrats of Adams county agree, to a man we think, in disapproving of York's unreasonable claim, as did all the delegates in the convention. But the resolution as presented seemed to some to have in it an element of unfriendliness to York, which might do harm in the future, and the very proper exception was taken to anything which might have that effect. The discussion was, therefore, material only in so far as it might go in this direction; so that the harsh words used and the ungentlemanly treatment with which some of the speakers met, can have no other than a personal bearing.

The personnel of the ticket nominated is such that it will receive general respect and sanction, and we submit it to the judgment of the voters.

A POLITICAL DODGER.

Quay's candidate for Governor intends to dodge the state issues, says the *Bellefonte Watchman.* He is correct in believing that the less said about them the better for the political machine that is open to attack on every point connected with state matters.

Stone wants to run his campaign on issues that are in no way connected with a state contest. That he prefers this dodging policy is shown by his speech at Allentown last week, in which he said: "The Democratic party has seen fit to ignore the great issues, tariff and honest money, and the endorsement of the ad ministration in the prosecution of the war with Spain, and asks us to go into a campaign of individuals."

It is natural that the machine candidate does not want to go into what he calls "a campaign of individuals." He prefers raising a hullabaloo about the tariff, the money question and the war with Spain, which have not the slightest connection with the reforming of a very bad condition of state affairs. With good reason he objects to a "campaign of individuals" that will bring out in full view the practices of the corrupt political individuals who run the Quay machine.

Such dodging cannot deceive the people as to the character of the pending state contest and the issues involved. They might give such a verdict at the polls as would be claimed as an overwhelming endorsement of "the tariff," "sound money" and the administration's war policy, and yet it would not and could not have the slightest bearing upon those matters, while the rascals who have been misruling the State and looting its treasury would have a right to regard it an indorsement of their dishonest rule.

QUAY AND JENKS.

One-half of the power and potency of Quayism in Pennsylvania is newspaper-made. The astute Senator does not deny the almightiness imputed to him by friends and foes, and as a result profits to some extent on supposed omnipotence and trades on the usufruct. As an example, some designing newspapers have affected to believe that through Mr. Quay's managing hand the Democratic State Convention was so manipulated as to procure the nomination of candidates of his choice. Some stupid newspapers that cannot be accused of willful dishonesty have accepted without question this witless fabrication, and reiterate it from day to day as a matter of accepted truth. There is not a scintilla of evidence on which to base such a charge. There is not a word of truth in it. But nothing could better suit the purposes of Mr. Quay than to have his enemies load upon the Democratic nominees the suspicion that they were his catspaws and confederates.

Now the fact is that the Democratic nominee for Governor is a man of the greatest purity of character, incapable of low political intrigue. If Senator Quay and his candidate for Governor were rolled into one, so that no whit of the intellectual capacity of either should be lost in the combination, the composite man in every desirable function going toward the making of such an Executive as the State of Pennsylvania needs would not bear a moment's comparison with George A. Jenks. A fitter man was never named for the duties of the Governorship.—*Phila. Record.*

THE interests involved in the election f Legislators this year are of the highest importance, as the work of reforming the bad condition of the state government cannot be accomplished without supplying the Legislature with an improved character of lawmakers. An improvement of the executive is not enough for this momentous object. The greatest injury to the State has been sustained through defective and vicious legislation.

WE are indebted to the Key Monument Association, of Frederick, for an invitation to attend the unveiling to-day of the monument erected to the memory of Francis Scott Key, author of The Star Spangled Banner.

Answer Arrives.

Sagasta Sends a Long Reply to the Peace Terms of the President.

Probably Not Final—A Belief that Concessions as to Some Details Have Been Asked.

The Spanish reply to the American peace conditions was received by the French ambassador in Washington yesterday afternoon. It will be presented to President McKinley today.

The reply is in the form of a long dispatch, and there are reports that it is not an unconditional acceptance. It is said the reception of the reply may be followed by a period of discussion and even of attempts on the part of Premier Sagasta to get better terms.

Should Spain show a desire to prolong discussion it is said to be the President's firm intention to withdraw the present terms and submit more severe ones.

The general surmise in well informed quarters in Washington is that Spain practically accepts the American terms, but asks concessions regarding details.

Our Demands on Spain.

OFFICIAL SYNOPSIS GIVEN TO THE PUBLIC.

The following official statement was made after last Tuesday's Cabinet meeting:

"In order to remove any misapprehension in regard to the negotiations as to peace between the United States and Spain, it is deemed proper to say that the terms offered by the United States to Spain in the note handed to the French Ambassador on Saturday last are in substance as follows:

"The President does not now put forward any claim for pecuniary indemnity, but requires the relinquishment of all claim of sovereignty over or title to the island of Cuba, as well as the immediate evacuation by Spain of the island; the cession to the United States and immediate evacuation of Porto Rico and other islands under Spanish sovereignty in the West Indies; and the like cession of an island in the Ladrones.

"The United States will occupy and hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila, pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace, which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines.

"If these terms are accepted by Spain in their entirety, it is stated that commissioners will be named by the United States to meet commissioners on the part of Spain for the purpose of concluding a treaty of peace on the basis above indicated."

The Maine incident is no part of the peace proposals, as it was no part of our declaration of war. The wrecks at Manila and Santiago have pretty well settled that.

The official statement is hardly more than confirmatory of the press dispatches on the subject of peace terms.

General Shafter, commanding the army at Santiago, received on Wednesday a dispatch from the War Department instructing him to move the army into the interior to a healthier location. He submitted the instructions to the general and medical officers of the Fifth Corps, and they agreed that it was inadvisable to move the troops in accordance with the War Department's order. They drew up an address to General Shafter, setting forth that the army should be taken to the United States at once, and that if it were kept in Cuba it would be destroyed by an epidemic of yellow fever. Col. Theodore Roosevelt, in a letter to General Shafter, said the surgeons estimated that half the men would die if they were not moved from Cuba.

The President and officials of the War Department were greatly disturbed at the news from Santiago, and after a conference at the White House it was decided to begin at once the work of removing the army to the United States. Eight transports, with a capacity of 5,570 men, are now at Santiago, and they will be used to bring the Fifth Corps to Montauk Point, L. I., where they will go into encampment.

General Miles has heard that the Spaniards have mined part of the solitary road leading from Ponce to San Juan, and has, therefore, changed his plans for moving his troops. He will send them by other routes past the section which is said to be mined.

With 5,000 men, General Brooke has begun a flank movement in Porto Rico. He seeks to get in the rear of the strong Spanish force at Aibonito and catch the enemy between two large forces of Americans.

General Stone, who is striking across Porto Rico toward the seaport of Arecibo, has encountered opposition at Utuado, where the Spaniards have been instructed by Captain-General Macias to resist to the end. A message sent to Ponce by General Stone stated that he would push on.

Col. San Martin, who evacuated Ponce without orders, is reported to have been court-martialed and shot at San Juan. Lieutenant-Colonel Puiz, who was second in command at Ponce, committed suicide.

Major General M. C. Butler, and not Major General Fitzhugh Lee, will probably be appointed Military Governor of Cuba, it is stated. General Butler finished the Civil War as major general of Confederate cavalry, though but 29, and lost his right foot at the battle of Brandy Station. He had $1.75 cash when the war closed, and was in debt $15,000. In 1870, at thirty-four years of age, he was chosen United States Senator by the South Carolina Legislature, and was re-elected in 1876, 1882 and 1888.

Adjutant General Corbin, at the direction of the Secretary of War, has issued an order granting sick and wounded soldiers at hospitals, when able to travel, one month's furlough and transportation to go to their homes. This order has been sent to the commanding officers at the general hospitals, headquarters of army corps and military departments.

Work For Volunteers.

It is stated that in the event of peace not less than 30,000 troops will be stationed in Cuba for garrison duty. This is the minium given by an officer of the government high in authority. This official considers it probable that as many as 50,000 troops will be needed to garrison the main seaports of Cuba. They will not be needed in large numbers at other places.

The situation in Cuba is being studied now from the standpoint of peace and according to some official figures, it may be confidently stated that of 250,000 Spanish troops in Cuba there are 180,000 effective. There will be nothing left for them to do, it seems probable, but to lay down their arms and become pensioners on the United States government or to be sent back to their own country, partly, at least, at the expense of the United States. The latter plan, it is believed, will be the wiser.

With these probabilities in mind there is no serious intention on the part of the administration that the volunteer army shall be dispersed.

DEMOCRATS SWEEP ALABAMA.

Sixty out of 66 counties in the State heard from as to last week's election, though the returns are not as yet complete, owing to the method of counting and returning. Reports from the returns received indicate a Democratic majority of between 50,000 and 60,000. The Populists lost heavily in all their strongholds.

UNCLAIMED letters in Gettysburg Postoffice August 9, 1898:

E. O. Bryan, D. L. Hemmerly, Joseph F. Klunk, V. M. Lewis, O. E. E. Tyler.

Parties calling for the above letters should state that they were advertised.

GEO. F. YOUNG, P. M.

Local and General.

McSherrystown was laid out in 1765 by Patrick McSherry and Christian Hoover (Hueber,) on land bought originally of the Diggeses (Digges' choice,) says an exchange. Hoover sold all his lots before 1775 or sold his interest to McSherry, as his name is found only in original deeds, and there is no trace of ground rents to be paid to any one by Patrick McSherry, his heirs and assigns. There were originally 30 lots of 5 acres each on each side of Main street, or 300 acres in all. In 1873, Patrick McSherry was still assessed with 100 acres, showing that so many lots were as yet not sold.

S. E. Wampler, Esq., attorney for the heirs of Nancy S. Kuhn, deceased, sold the Kuhn property, near the Slate Quarry, in Menallen township, consisting of about 2½ acres, to A. L. Kuhn, one of the heirs, for the sum of $253.

The Cumberland County Commissioners, at their meeting in Carlisle on Monday, considered plans for putting the goodly number of tramps, at present rusticating in the county jail, to work. It was suggested that they be made to carry stones or pig iron from one side of the jail yard to the other and then back again. It is expected that this plan will effect a riddance of tramps from that county.

The great Conewago pic-nic was held at the usual place near the chapel on Tuesday last. The weather could not have been more favorable, and it is said the number of persons that attended surpasses all former records. The net proceeds are about $800.

Ex-Director of the Poor, Joseph Sheely, of near White Hall, met with an ugly accident Tuesday last while plowing. Two teams were in the field, Mr. Sheeyl's being in the rear. One of his horses became unmanageable and he went to the front to check the animal In some way, the horse fell upon Mr. Sheely, who suffered severe injuries.

Last week we stated that W. W. Smith, of the National Hotel, this place, says the New Oxford *Item*, had sold out to Frank Hutton, of Red Lion, York county. This was a mistake, Mr. Smith has sold his good-will and furniture to G. W. Warren, who formerly conducted a hotel at York Springs, and later was proprietor of the Washington House, Gettysburg. Mr. Warren expects to take charge of the National next week. Mr. Smith will remove his family to Seven Valley, York county.

The Board of Directors of the Hanover Foundry and Machine Company held a meeting for organization Wednesday evening, which was effected as follows: President, Vincent O'Bold; vice president, W. H. Overbaugh, Sr.; secretary, Chas. S. Shirk; treasurer, J. H. Alleman.

The fruit crop of this section, especially apples, will be considerable of a failure this year, in fact there will be scarcely any apples, but reports from other states convey the pleasing intelligence that the fruit crop will be great.

The Butler School Board elected the following teachers recently: Biglerville, No. 1, Prof. J. Louis Sowers; primary, No. 2, F. R. Bushey; Sunnyside, Mary Roth; Centre Mills, Miss Bittinger; Bridge, Dora Smith; Table Rock, P. C. Miller; Grapevine, Lulu Deatrick; Pine Grove, Sallie Spangler; Clear Spring, Kate Haaldeman. The term opens Sept. 19th.

Jeremiah Johns has just completed a thorough remodeling of his hotel at White Hall, of which George Little is landlord.

The excessive heat culminated Wednesday morning in Philadelphia in one of the most terrific electrical storms that ever visited the city. The rainfall was the heaviest recorded. In one hour and three quarters five and four-tenths inches of rain fell. The heaviest previous rainfall was five and one-fifth inches in twenty-four hours, about twelve years ago.

The Fayette County Commissioners have decided to quit paying premiums on fox, mink and wildcat scalps, pending a decision of the Supreme Court on the law, which is now being tested before that tribunal. Since the law went into effect about $700 has been paid as premiums. Some of the ears presented are very small, indicating that the animals are quite young It is also claimed that some of the animals are caught in West Virginia.

D. Sterling Mitzel, one of the dismissed Democratic collectors of internal revenue, has filed charges against Collector Hershey for violating the Civil Service law. The appointment of Quay Republicans to the revenue offices without examination was a keen disappointment to a large number of young men who passed a civil service examination and are on the eligible list.

Bishop McGovern's Successor.

Bishop McGovern's successor will be chozen by the supreme pontiff at Rome' but it may be a year before any one is selected and consecrated to act in the place of the lamented churchman who was laid to rest on Friday. The choice is made in a peculiar way. The bishops in the state or province as it is called in the Catholic directory of Pennsylvania meet and select three men. These three are usually the most prominent in the diocese and sometimes the leading clergymen are consulted about them. These three names with a complete history of each man, are then presented to the archbishop at Philadelphia who may add three more should these selected not meet with his approval. Then the list is sent to Rome and the Pope makes the selection. The candidate usually goes to Rome and on his return is elevated to the bishopric.

The will of bishop McGovern was probated in Harrisburg recently. The will was prepared over three years ago, and provides that $1,000 be set aside for the payment for Masses for the repose of his soul unless objection be made to such disposition, in which event the next Bishop is to use the money as he may see fit.

One-third of his life insurance is left to his sister, Annie McGovern, and the balance of his property, including books, paintings and records, is to go to the next Bishop, the books for the diocese or any free library under the next Bishop's supervision.

Franklin Democrats' Ticket.

The Democratic County Convention in Chambersburg last Tuesday was more largely attended than usual, as the Democrats feel that dissatisfaction prevails in the Republican party. On account of this a most excellent ticket was named, and it will receive a large vote. It is as follows:

Legislature—Harry I. Huber, of Chambersburg; D. Z. Shook, of Green Castle; Sheriff, George W. Britsch, of Chambersburg; District Attorney, Howard R. Noble, of Chambersburg; Director of the Poor, H. C. Koontz, of Waynesboro.

The convention did not place any candidate in nomination for Judge, Congress, Coroner or County Surveyor, leaving these to be filled by the County Committee. No opponent to Judge Stewart will be nominated. The resolutions indorse the State ticket, condemn the Republican party, and especially Senator Quay and Colonel Stone.

REV. HICKS FOR AUGUST.

Reactionary to storm conditions August 4th to 5th; higher barometer and modification of summer heat 5th to 8th; storm period 9th to 13th accompanied by higher temperature and low barometer; 13th to 15th cooler and fair weather; 16th to 18th reactionary period accompanied by excessively warm weather, thunder, high gales and scattering rains; 22nd to 25th wind and thunder storms; the reactionary period will close the month.

Fairfield Items.

AUG. 8.—Master Roy Firor, son of S. A. Firor, of this place, fell about 15 feet from a tree the other day, breaking his collar-bone. Roy has had his arms broken three or four different times in the last few years.

Miss Margaret Donaldson, of this place, is away on a visit to Hanover.

Mrs. Jennie Cobean and son John and Mrs. Allie Smith and daughter, of Gettysburg, spent last Thursday at Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Cunningham's, this place.

Miss Etta Swat, of Elizabethtown, Pa., visited Miss Mary Benner, of near town, during the past week.

Dr. C. O. Spangler's medicine show left Fairfield last Monday after showing in our town for two weeks. The patronage which he received while here was wonderful. The average attendance for the two weeks was 500 each night. He says he took in over $700 while here. You see the people of Fairfield are not "broke" yet.

Sun Bros.' circus which shows in Gettysburg to-morrow is in Fairfield to-day. It arrived here early yesterday, Sunday, morning, remaining in this place over Sunday and Monday. The prospects for a large attendance here to-day are good.

Miss Mary O. Benner, of near town, left last Friday for Elizabethtown, Pa., where she is visiting Miss Etta Swat.

There were about fifty people from Fairfield who went on the excursion to Mont Alto last Tuesday.

Don't forget the S. S. pic-nics this week. The Reformed to be held in Witherow's grove, near town, on Wednesday, Aug. 10, and the Presbyterian at Lower Marsh Creek Church, on Thursday, Aug. 11. Everybody is cordially invited.

The following persons from Baltimore are visiting in Fairfield: Miss Eva Creegan and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. E. Kittinger.

John M. Musselman and family, of this place, are camping out this week along Myers' dam.

Chas. Gray and wife, of Union Bridge, are visiting friends in Fairfield. G.M.N.

Arendtsville Items.

AUG. 8.—During the heavy rain that we had here last Thursday night four inches of water fell and the ground is now thoroughly soaked.

Calvin Ecker, tenant on the D. D. Gitt farm, has bought his brother Grayson's farm, near Emmitsburg, where he will move next spring.

Last Saturday noon, when Calvin H. Beamer was on his way to this town driving a mule in a buggy the mule frightened at several bicycles that passed him and ran away and caught the wheel of Wesley D. Oyler's buggy, who was also driving in this direction. Both men were violently thrown out of their buggies and considerably bruised and shaken up. The buggies were not much damaged.

Harry Blubaugh made a trip last week to Washington and to Wheeling W. Va., on his bicycle. He reports the weather very dry through Virginia.

Irvin L. Taylor is visiting friends at Altoona. Messrs. Charles and J. Frank Domes are home from Philadelphia. Miss Mary Lady, of Harrisburg; Calvin Taylor and wife, of Carlisle; Miss Bertha Koser, of Chicago; Misses Lizzie and Lucinda Sheely, of Phila., and Francis Myers, of Grantville, Kan., were among visitors here last week. P.

Bendersville Items.

AUG. 8.—Miss Sue Mumma was visiting friends in Shippensburg recently.

Messrs. D. F. Delap and Geo. Hewitt spent several days in Atlantic and Gloucester cities recently.

Mrs. Sue Starner, of Orrtanna, is visiting her parents.

J. H. Fidler lost a valuable horse recently by death.

D. E. Taylor and wife are visiting relatives in Cumberland county.

S. P. Taylor is now engaged in selling goods for a firm in Carlisle.

H. S. Cashman started yesterday for the West to purchase another carload of horses.

The Tyrone school board has awarded the contract to build the new school house in the upper end, to Samuel Eckenrode whose bid was $374.

Wm. Webb has removed his barber shop to the new corner building about completed by J. B. Routsong. He will add another new barber chair to the room this week.

Chas. Yingst and wife, of Mt. Tabor, were the guests of D. P. Delap over Sunday.

Stephen Weidner has been granted a pension of $10 per month with back pay amounting to $519.

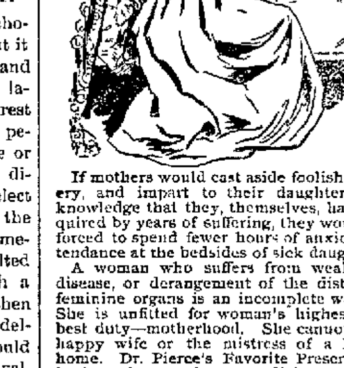
F. C. Myers, of Kansas, is visiting his sister, Mrs. I. B. Myers.

Misses Mary and Melva Wierman spent several days as the guests of Dr. Mumma.

Mr. W. Wierman who is steward of the C. V. S. N. S., spent some time here and vicinity with his many friends.

Karl Bream met with a painful accident last week at C. Longsdorff's nursery, having cut his right arm with a pruning knife severing an artery. He is doing well under the medical treatment of Dr. Stover. SUB

The County Judges have changed the specifications of the new Court-house at York, thereby saving several thousand dollars from the sum of $205,000, the lowest bid.



If mothers would cast aside foolish prudery, and impart to their daughters the knowledge that they, themselves, have acquired by years of suffering, they would be forced to spend fewer hours of anxious attendance at the bedsides of sick daughters.

A woman who suffers from weakness, disease, or derangement of the distinctly feminine organs is an incomplete woman. She is unfitted for woman's highest and best duty—motherhood. She cannot be a happy wife or the mistress of a happy home. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only proprietary medicine ever devised by an expert skilled specialist in woman's diseases for the one purpose of curing these troubles in the privacy of the home. It makes a woman strong and healthy in a womanly way, and can be relied upon to relieve motherhood of all peril and almost all pain. It insures healthy, robust children. It transforms weak, sickly, nervous invalids into healthy, happy wives and mothers.

"Words fail to describe my suffering before I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Pleasant Pellets,'" writes Miss Lulie S. Hardy, of South Seabrook, Rockingham Co., N. H. "I could hardly walk across the room. I had an abcess on the fallopian tube that discharged through the bladder. It left the bladder in an irritable condition and the uterus inflamed. I had an awful burning in my stomach; no appetite, wasting drain; constipation; excruciating monthly pains and backache all the time. I was confined to my bed five months. Then I commenced the use of your medicines and have been greatly benefited by them."

In paper covers, 21 one-cent stamps; cloth binding, 10 cents extra. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

THIS division of the Western Maryland Railroad has carried 9,000 more passengers this year than for the same period last year.

WHEN you are suffering from Catarrh or Cold in the head you want relief right away. Only 10 cents is required to test it. Ask your druggist for the trial size of Ely's Cream Balm, or buy the 50c. size. We mail it.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. city.

I was afflicted with catarrh last autumn. During the month of October I could neither taste nor smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured it.—Marcus Geo. Shautz, Rahway, N. J.

THE Goodwill Fire Company, of East York, has appointed a committee to make arrangements to run an excursion to Gettysburg.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portions of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflammed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflammed you have a rumbling sound of imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflammed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

Railroad Man

Receives Good Advice from Fellow Workmen

The Whole Story Told by His Wife—It May Help You.

"When my little boy was six years old he had an attack of the measles, and after recovering he was restless at night, had no appetite, and was cross and fretful. Later on, large blotches and sores broke out on his face and limbs. We were told they would heal in a few days; but these few days grew into months. One day my husband, who is a well-known railroad man, was advised by some of his fellow workmen to give the boy Hood's Sarsaparilla. We concluded to do so, and after he had taken the first bottle we noticed some improvement. We kept on giving him this medicine until he had taken three bottles, when he was completely cured, and he has been well ever since." MRS. E. J. MILLER, Bennett, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

MARTIN THORN, the murderer of Guldensuppe, was electrocuted at Sing Sing Monday. He met death with bravado.

THE Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that state, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale at S. J. Codori's Drug Store.

THIRTY-FOUR years ago Saturday week, Chambersburg was laid in ashes by the invader's torch. The heat of the sun was about the same on both days.

"I was run over by a lumber wagon. Did not expect to live. Was terribly bloated. My friends bathed me with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and I was cured. We have great faith in Thomas' Eclectric Oil." Mrs. Wm. F. Babcock, Norvell, Jackson Co., Mich.

THE new torpedo boat destroyer Farragut, built according to designs of and by the Union Iron Works, promises to be the fastest craft ever constructed in America or plying American waters and will eclipse any naval vessel in the world.

SEEMS as if consumption always picks out the brightest and best. Fully one-sixth of all the deaths that occur in the world are caused by consumption. Many things were once considered impossible. It would be strange if medical science did not make some progress. The telegraph and telephone, the phonograph, the electric light—all were once impossible, and once it was impossible to cure consumption. That was before the time of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Taken according to directions, this standard remedy will cure 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. Consumption is caused and fostered by impurity in the blood. It is cured by purity and richness in the blood—surely, certainly cured by the "Medical Discovery." It builds up solid healthy flesh and vigorous strength.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a 1,008 page medical work, profusely illustrated, will be sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover postage only. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

MRS. CATHARINE BUCK, of Frederick street, Hanover, who is over 100 years old, fell off a chair the other day and injured her hip, which confined her to bed for several days. She is now much improved.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR FLUX.—Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale at S. J. Codori's Drug Store.

THE *Harrisburg Telegraph* says that it is reported that the Carlisle Indian School band will attend the Paris Exposition in 1900.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

AMONG the soldiers killed in the fight before Santiago was Charles Hall, a well-known young man of Carlisle.

"I ALWAYS recommend Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry in cases of summer complaints and have never known it to fail. You may use my name." C. A. West, Druggist, Rainsborough, O.

EAST BERLIN Fire company has purchased a fine hose carriage from the Union fire company, of Carlisle.

ABOUT one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. Boggs, Stumptown, Gilmer Co., W. Va. For sale at S. J. Codori's Drug Store.

A MAN claiming to be authorized by the government to buy horses for the army is said to be swindling farmers in Dauphin county. His game is alleged to be pay with a worthless check larger sums than asked for horses, getting the difference in cash.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale his FARM of about 73 ACRES, with good Buildings, in Mountjoy township, along the Baltimore pike, three miles from Gettysburg. Land and fencing good. Terms easy.

Apply on premises or address A. H. BEITLER, Gettysburg, Pa.

Aug. 2, 1898. 4t

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

SAMUEL A. TAUGHINBAUGH'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of SAMUEL A. TAUGHINBAUGH, late of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CHRISTIAN D. TAUGHINBAUGH, New Oxford,
WM. A. TAUGHINBAUGH, New Chester,
CHAS. G. TAUGHINBAUGH, Gettysburg,
Administrators.

July 12, 1898. 6t

A REVOLUTIONARY ACT

By S. S. W. Hammers.

UNTIL AUGUST 15, 1898, the Squire will sell the following goods at prices named, if the supply lasts that long:

2 Bbls. Big Glass Tumblers at 2 cents each; Cucumber Pickles 6 cts. a doz.; Brown Sugar 5 cts.; 5 Bbls. Granulated Sugar at 6 cts.; Jar Tops and Gums 25 cts. a doz.; 1,800 Cigars, 80 cts. per 100; Lamp Chimneys, all kinds, from 2 to 5 cts. each; Chocolate 12 cts. a cake; Parlor Matches 5 cts. per 1,000; Mason Jars 45 cts. and upwards; new No. 1 Fish, 10 lbs. for 50 cts.

Aug. 2, 1898. 4t

THE MARKETS.

GETTYSBURG.

Corrected by J. Geo. Wolf's Sons.

Flour	$	@	4 00
Wheat			67
Fultz Wheat			67
Bakings			60
Corn			40
Rye			40
Oats, new			30
Flax-seed	95	@	1 00
Timothy-seed			1 00
Buckwheat			35
Rye Straw			6 00
Hay	8 00	@	10 50

RETAIL PRICES.

Wheat Bran	90	per	100
C and O Chop	80	"	100
Rye Chop	1 10	"	100
Flour	5 00	"	bbl
Western Flour	6 00	"	"
Oats	30	"	bu
Corn	35	"	"
Wheat	1 10	"	"

BALTIMORE.

Flour	$5 00	@	5 50
Wheat		@	1 01
Rye			51
Corn	28	@	30
Oats	20	@	24
Hogs ℔ hundred, dead	3 00	@	5 9
Cattle beef per hundred.... live	3 50	@	06

Administrator's Sale

—OF—

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

ON SATURDAY, the 3d day of SEPTEMBER, 1898, the undersigned, Administrator of STEPHEN GETTIER, deceased, by virtue of an order of sale from the Orphans' Court of Adams county, to him directed, will sell on the premises, all that, the following described, TRACT OF LAND, situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining the heirs of Henry Mummert, John B. Spangler, Solomon Miller, Washington Motter and others, containing 142 ACRES, more or less. This farm is near the public road leading from Harney to Two Taverns, 2 miles from Harney and 3 miles from Two Taverns. The buildings on this farm are a large and well-built BRICK HOUSE, large Frame Bank Barn, large Out-house, Wagon Shed, Carriage House, and all other necessary Out-buildings. A never-failing Well of Water, and several Springs are on the premises; a stream of Running Water runs through four fields. The farm has a good Apple Orchard and an abundance of other Fruits. The farm is in a good state of cultivation; convenient to church, schools, &c.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold 8 ACRES, more or less, of Woodland, ½ mile from the preceding tract of land, adjoining lands of Washington Motter, William Keefauver, George McGuigan, Henry Long and others. This tract is set with thriving Young Timber. Persons wishing to view the premises can call on the undersigned, at Barlow post office.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, p. m., when attendance will be given and terms made known by C. R. GETTIER, Administrator.

J. N. Lightner, Auct.

Aug. 2, 1898, 18

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1898, the undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of ANN MARIA BOLLINGER, deceased, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., will offer for sale the following described Real Estate:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, at Greenmount, equally distant between Gettysburg and Emmitsburg, containing 2 ACRES, more or less, and improved with a 1½-Story LOG HOUSE with small Kitchen attached, and other Outbuildings. There is a Well of Water at the door and plenty of Fruit, Peaches and Apples on the place. The property is on the Emmitsburg and Gettysburg road and is convenient to churches, schools, stores and post offices, and will make a nice little home. Persons desiring to view the premises will call on Geo. W. Bollinger, living thereon, or the undersigned, living nearby.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, p. m., when conditions will be made known by H. P. BIGHAM, Executor.

Aug. 2, 1898. ts

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1898, by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, the undersigned, Executor of the estate of MARY A. LITTLE, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following Real Estate, situated near Mount Rock, Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., at 1 o'clock, p. m., consisting of

A HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND, adjoining lands of Jeremiah Oaster, Edward Noel and others.

Terms of sale—10 per cent. cash, 15 per cent. on confirmation by the court and the balance April 1st, 1899. Possession given April 1st, 1899. V. H. LILLY, Executor.

July 16, 1898, ts

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administratrix of the estate of DAVID LITTLE, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on SATURDAY, the 20th day of AUGUST, 1898, on the premises, the following described Real Estate:

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., on the public road leading from St. Luke's church to the Two Taverns road, and about one mile West of White Hall, adjoining lands of Jonas Rebert, Levi Foulk and Nicholas Gebhart, containing 13 ACRES and 52 PERCHES, more or less; improved with a 1½-Story Log DWELLING HOUSE, Log Barn, Hog Pen and Corn Crib, with plenty of fine Apple, Cherry and Peach Trees.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, p. m., when terms will be made known by ABIGAIL LITTLE, Administratrix.

Aug. 2, 1898. ts

LUMBER & CORDWOOD

—AT—

Public Sale.

ON MONDAY, AUGUST 15, 1898, on the premises of J. A. REBERT, in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., on the Chambersburg pike, at the Marsh Creek Bridge, 3 miles West of Gettysburg, will be sold at Public Sale,

35,000 Feet of OAK BOARDS, Plank and Scantling, 80 Cords Oak and Hickory Slab Wood, Fence Posts, Chips, Chucks, Saw-dust, &c. Also 10 Acres of Uncut Wood, Tree-tops, &c., in lots to suit purchasers. A credit of three months will be given.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m. on Monday, August 15th, 1898.

ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 16th, 1898, on the premises of SARAH J. PFOUTZ, in Highland township, Adams county, Pa., at H. V. Kepner's Woolen Mill, 3½ miles West of Gettysburg, will be sold at Public Sale,

35,000 Feet of OAK BOARDS, Plank and Scantling, 100 Cords Oak and Hickory Slab Wood, Fence Posts, Chips, Chucks, Saw-dust, &c. Also 30 Acres of Uncut Wood, Tree-tops, &c., in lots to suit purchasers. A credit of three months will be given.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., on Tuesday, August 16th, 1898, when terms and conditions will be made known by A. M. KALBACH.

Aug. 2, 1898. 2t

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

ON SATURDAY, the 13th day of AUGUST, 1898, the undersigned, Administrator d. b. n. c. t. a., of the estate of PETER TROSTEL, SR., deceased, will sell the following Real Estate:

ALL THAT TRACT OF LAND, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Rose Wible, Joseph Althoff, Jno. Sherfy, Land Improvement Company, and others, containing 100 ACRES, more or less. This farm is located in the centre of the Gettysburg Battlefield, about 2 miles South of the town, and is convenient of access by avenues. It is improved by a TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, Out-kitchen, Bank Barn and other Out-buildings; land in good state of cultivation and this property is desirable in every respect.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., when attendance will be given and terms made known by GEO. TROSTEL, Adm'r, d. b. n. c. t. a.

July 12, 1898. ts

NOTICE

—OF—

Dissolution of Corporation.

NOTICE is hereby given to all parties concerned that an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county for a decree dissolving the corporation known as the Cashtown Creamery Association, and that said application will be heard by the Court on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1898, at 10 o'clock, a. m., when said decree of dissolution will be granted by the Court, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JOHN M. BLOCHER, Prothonotary.

CHAS. S. DUNCAN, Solicitor.

June 28, 1898. td

Jurors for August

LIST OF GRAND JURORS drawn July 14, 1898, for Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to be held at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams, the fourth Monday of August, 1898:

Appler, Jacob A., teacher, Mountjoy township.
Baum, Chas. W., tinner, Berwick bor.
Busby, John, cigarmak'r, McSherrystown bor.
Baugher, Henry J., tanner, Menallen twp.
Culp, Francis R., laborer, Arendtsville bor.
Eppelman, John, farmer, Menallen twp.
Forney, John H., tinner, Littlestown bor.
Freed, George, farmer, Franklin twp.
Fickel, James O., farmer, Latimore twp.
Garretson, Frank, farmer, Menallen twp.
Gettier, C. P., Dr., merchant, Littlestown bor.
Hull, Milton R., farmer, Liberty twp.
Hoffman, Jacob, farmer, Latimore twp.
Keltie, John, farmer, Freedom twp.
Kauffman, Christian B., farmer, Reading twp.
Lerew, Jacob K., farmer, York Springs bor.
LeFevre, Jas. A., farmer, Union twp.
Myers, Geo. W., farmer, Huntington twp.
Minnigh, John M., confectioner, Gettysburg bor., 2d ward.
Shorb, John T., farmer, Cumberland twp.
Stallsmith, Lewis D., farmer, Butler twp.
Schroder, W. S., Ins. Agt., Gettysburg bor., 1st ward.
Stoner, Charles B., farmer, Conowago twp.
Taylor, Peter, farmer, Arendtsville bor.

LIST OF PETIT JURORS drawn July 14, 1898, for Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to be held at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams, the fourth Monday of August, 1898:

Bushey, Amos F., farmer, Latimore twp.
Bream, Calvin P., farmer, Hamiltonban twp.
Blocher, Andrew H., carpenter, Bendersville borough.
Baldwin, Joseph, farmer, Menallen twp.
Barton, John, farmer, Hamiltonban twp.
Bosserman, John L., farmer, Reading twp.
Cupsaddle, Chas., blacksmith, Mountjoy twp.
Cover, Millard F., farmer, Franklin twp.
Diehl, Jere. W., gent., Gettysburg bor., 2d wd.
Ehrehart, Luther, farmer, Tyrone twp.
Frey, Wm H., painter, Gettysburg bor., 1st wd.
Frommeyer, F. M., farmer, Straban twp.
Fickel, James U., farmer, Latimore twp.
Gardner, John W., laborer, Huntington twp.
Hafer, Charles, laborer, Berwick twp.
Hummelbaugh, Wilson, teacher, Hamiltonban twp.
Kugler, John, engineer, Liberty twp.
Kline, Horace, cigarmaker, Union twp.
Leas, Wm. G., banker, East Berlin bor.
Little, Geo. H., chairmaker, Straban twp.
Lobaugh, Ephraim, farmer, Menallen twp.
Menges, Samuel E., farmer, Germany twp.
Musselman, Aaron, merchant, Fairfield bor.
McKouley, John, carpenter, York Springs bor.
Pohlman, Francis, farmer, Mountpleasant tp.
Reidenour, John M., laborer, Gettysburg bor., 3d ward.
Reindollar, J. Jacob, merchant, Fairfield bor.
Riley, Alfred W., laborer, Cumberland twp.
Starry, David F., farmer, Latimore twp.
Sharrah, John A., laborer, Franklin twp.
Spangler, Wm. J., stonecutter, Berwick bor.
Snyder, Barry A., J. P., Mountjoy twp.
Sheaffer, Geo. A., carpenter, Gettysburg bor., 2d ward.
Shaner, Charles, shoemaker, Freedom twp.
Weikert, James, farmer, Oxford twp.
Wisler, Calvin, farmer, Franklin twp.
Weikert, H. A., of Wm., farmer, Mountpleasant twp.
Yeagy, Ephraim S., farmer, Butler twp.

July 19, 1898. te

GOOD BREAD is assured by using Fleischmann's Yeast Cakes. Received daily at Ramer & Bro's. bakery, Chambersburg street. j19.tf

ST. FRANCIS XAVIER church pic-nic Wednesday, Aug. 10. a2,2t

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance on SATURDAY, the 27th day of AUGUST, 1898, at 10 o'clock, a. m., viz:

129. The first and final account of Geo. W. Smith, Administrator of Thomas D. Smith, late of New Oxford borough, Adams county, Pennsylvania, deceased.

130. The first and final account of Jeremiah Frock and Dr. Howard L. Diehl, Executors of the last will and testament of John Diehl, late of the Borough of Littlestown, Adams county, Pa., dec'd.

131. First and final account of V. H. Lilly, Executor of the will of Sallie L. Sneeringer, late of Conowago township, Adams county, Pa., dec'd.

132. The first and final account of Belinda E. Swope, Administratrix of the estate of James W. Swope, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

133. The first and final account of Isaac C. Gitt, surviving Administrator of the estate of Daniel D. Gitt, late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa., dec'd.

134. The second and final account of Isaac C. Gitt, surviving Executor of the will of Hannah H. Gitt, late of Butler township, Adams county, Penna., deceased.

135. The first and final account of William T. Ziegler, Administrator of Lydia Herman, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

136. The first and final account of William B. Hunter, Administrator, c. t. a., of Susan M. Hunter, late of Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

137. First and final account of Dr. Wilson F. Hollinger, Administrator of the estate of John Miller, dec'd., late of Hamilton township, Adams county, Penna.

138. The second account of William P. Quimby, one of the Executors of last will and testament of Hon. David Wills, late of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

139. The first and final account of Kenton N. Harper, Administrator, d. b. n. c. t. a. of the estate of Robert G. Harper, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., dec'd.

140. The first and final account of Jno. L. Hill, Jr., Executor of the last will and testament of Edna Buehler, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Penna., deceased.

141. The first and final account of Wm. M. Bowers, Executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Bowers, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, Pa., dec'd., and account of Wm. M. Bowers and George A. Bowers, trustees to sell the real estate of Sarah A. Bowers, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

SIMON P. STOVER, Register.

Aug. 2, 1898. td

REPORT

OF the condition of the "FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG," at Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, July 14, 1898.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$570,227 43
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	55 20
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,200 00
Banking-house, furniture, & fixtures	13,000 00
Other real estate & mortgages own'd	800 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve agents)	921 80
Due from State banks and bankers	181 28
Due from approved reserve agents	155,096 55
Check and other cash items	698 00
Notes of other National Banks	1,360 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	30 92
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, viz:	
Specie	28,575 25
Legal-tender notes	8,800 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	1,125 00
Total	$796,985 41

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	85,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	18,071 28
National Bank notes outstanding	22,500 00
Due to other National Banks	7,571 12
Due to State Banks and Bankers	312 13
Dividends unpaid	406 00
Individual deposits subject to check	172,036 39
Demand certificates of deposit	20,282 58
Total	$796,985 41

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS.

I, SAMUEL M. BUSHMAN, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

SAMUEL M. BUSHMAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of July, 1898. R. E. CULP, N. P.

CORRECT—Attest:
D. G. MINTER,
ALEX. SPANGLER,
GEORGE THRONE,
Directors.

Aug. 2, 1898. 3t

REPORT

OF the condition of the "GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK," at Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, July 14, 1898.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$683,022 52
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	920 83
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	115,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	7,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc	25,000 00
Banking house, furniture, & fixtures	11,221 00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	1,875 00
Due from State Banks and Bankers	11 36
Due from approved reserve agents	50,661 51
Notes of other national banks	2,070 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	51 08
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, viz:	
Specie	23,970 00
Legal-tender notes	12,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	5,525 00
Total	$977,280 39

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$115,150 00
Surplus fund	70,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	12,773 36
National bank notes outstanding	103,500 00
Due to other national banks	1,768 29
Due to State banks and bankers	1,811 57
Dividends unpaid	317 50
Individual deposits subject to check	186,017 52
Demand certificates of deposit	525,511 15
Total	$977,280 39

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS.

I, J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of July, 1898. WM. P. QUINBY, N. P.

CORRECT—Attest:
THOS. G. NEELY,
R. M. WIRT,
JACOB KESSER,
Directors.

Aug. 2, 1898. 3t

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, and SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1898, the undersigned, representing the heirs of JACOB KIME, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, the following described Real Estate, viz:

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 13TH.

Tract No. 1, A FARM, situate in Butler township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining Sunny Side Station and lands of Edward Brough, Philip Houck and Abraham Trostel's heirs, containing 67 ACRES, more or less, about 5 Acres of good Timberland; improved with a Two story ROUGH-CAST HOUSE, Bank Barn and all other necessary Out-buildings; never-failing Spring of Water at the house, and farm well watered; in a good state of cultivation, fences in good condition; convenient to schools, churches, mills and stores. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m., sharp, on the premises.

TRACT No. 2, situate in Butler township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining Table Rock, lands of John Lower, Henry Lower, Henry Galbraith, Mrs. Eliza N. Warren and others, containing 125 ACRES, more or less, about 25 Acres of Timberland, improved with a Two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, large Log Barn, good Wagon Shed, Hog Pen and other Out-buildings; good Well of Water at the house. This farm is on the banks of the Conowago; land is in a good state of cultivation, plenty of Fruit Trees; fences in good condition; convenient to schools, churches, stores and mill. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, p. m., sharp, on the premises.

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 20TH.

Tract No. 3, THE HOME FARM, situated in Straban township, Adams county, Pa., along the Carlisle road, 4 miles from Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Martin Witmer, Philip Beamer's heirs, Mrs. Joseph Bailey, Isaac Deardorff and others, containing 119 ACRES, more or less, about 6 acres of Timberland; improved with good two-story WEATHER-BOARDED HOUSE, large Bank Barn, Ice-house, Carriage-house, Hog pen and other necessary out-buildings. Well of water at the house and barn, also a cistern. Land in good state of cultivation. Fences in good condition. Good Apple Orchard, and plenty of other choice fruit. Convenient to Churches, Stores and Mill. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, sharp, on the premises.

Also, at the same time and place, will be sold a Tract of MOUNTAIN TIMBERLAND, containing 37 ACRES, situated in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Frances Cole, Edward Raffensperger and Geo. Fohl.

Tract No. 4, situated in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., about 50 feet from the Gettysburg Borough limits, on Carlisle street, a 60 FOOT LOT, improved with a two-story WEATHER-BOARDED HOUSE, good Stable and all necessary out-buildings, good Well of Water at the house. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, sharp, on the premises. Terms will be made known by

FRANK N. FROMMEYER,
JOHN A. KIME.

GEO. COLESTOCK, Auct. July 19, 1898. ts

"Berkshire."



"Silver Plate that Wears."

When you **Buy Spoons**

knives, forks, etc., buy reliable brands even if they do cost a little more. They are worth the difference. The prefix, **"1847"** on any spoon or fork insures the genuine Rogers quality, famous for wear.

Full trade-mark

1847 Rogers Bros.

SOLD BY—
C. A. BLOCHER.
JEWELER,
GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

Bargain Clearing SALE OF SUMMER GOODS

AT LIEBERMAN'S.

THIS is the season of year we usually close out our odds and ends of Suits, etc. We, therefore reduce the price of all these goods in order to dispose of them before the cold weather sets in.

Notwithstanding the remarkable increase of prices in woolen goods, we will close out all summer goods at **20 to 25 PER CENT. REDUCTION.**

For instance, we have a few **Men's Suits** in all wool that we have been selling at $5. It is a brown plaid very nicely made up, and will make a very nice knock-about suit. We will sell this suit at **$3.75**

We have about **30 Suits** in different colors, brown and gray plaids. The sizes are 34-35-36 and 37. Some of this lot we have sold for $10. These will all be sold at **$4.75**

Another lot of still finer suits in brown and black cheviot, plain and fancy worsted, and gray cassimere. Some of these we have sold for $15, and none of them for less than $10. **$7.50.** Sizes range from 34 to 46. These are all to go at

In boys' suits, sizes 14 to 19, we have a few to close at **$1.98**

Some light gray and brown plaid, all wool and well made suits, we have been selling right along all the season for $6.50 and $7.50; to close at **$4.75**

In Children's Suits, sizes 3 to 8, we have a few to close at **98C.** Made with braided sailor collar, also some wash suits.

50c. suits at 39c.
75c. " 59c.
$1.00 " 73c.
1.25 " 98c.
1.50 " $1.12.

Children's suits, sizes 9 to 15. We have a very good substantial suit that we have sold more than 100 of this season, at $1.50, which we will close at **98C.** Also all the finer grades at greatly reduced prices. Big reduction in **STRAW HATS.** 50, 75 and $1 hats all to go at **25C.**

For one Day Only.

Sat. AUG. 13.

Call Early so That You Can Get First Choice

Lieberman's

Popular Price Clothing House,

Cor. York St. & Centre Sq., **Gettysburg, Pa.**

Assignee's Sale

—OF—

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

ON TUESDAY, the 16th day of AUGUST, 1898, the undersigned, Assignee for the benefit of the creditors of ALFRED H. DEARDORFF AND WIFE, by virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, will sell at Public Sale, the following described Real Estate:

THE MANSION FARM, situate in Highland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Sarah Pfoutz, William Everhart, Edward Newman, H. V. Kepner, and Isaac Hereter's estate, containing 150 ACRES, more or less. This farm lies along Marsh creek and is intersected by the public road leading from Hereter's Mill to the Fairfield and Gettysburg road at Bream's Tavern. The improvements consist of a LARGE HOUSE, part Stone and part Frame, large Bank Barn, Buggy House, Machine Shed, Hog Pen and all necessary Out-buildings. The fencing is good, there are two Acres of Young Apple Orchard and an abundance of other Fruit. The farm is well Timbered. There is a never-failing Well of Water at the house and another at the barn, while Marsh creek runs along the edge of the entire farm and within one hundred feet of the barn.

The farm is convenient to school, mill, church and store, and is one of the most desirable farms in Highland township. Would make an excellent stock farm.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., when attendance will be given and terms made known by W. C. SHEELY, Assignee.

July 12, 1898 ts

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

ON THURSDAY, the 25th day of AUGUST, 1898, the undersigned, Administratrix of the estate of HENRY MUMMERT, deceased, in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following Real Estate:

Tract No. 1, THE HOME FARM, situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., half a mile North of the Littlestown and Emmitsburg road, between Harney and Two Taverns, adjoining lands of Heirs of Stephen Gettier, Geo W. Hoffman and John B. Spangler, containing 102 ACRES and 103 PERCHES, patented land, about 20 acres being young thriving Timberland; improved with a good new Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, Out-kitchen, large Frame Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib attached, Carriage House, Hog Pen and other Buildings. There is a good Well of Water at the house and one at the barn. There is a Spring near the house and a stream of Water running through a number of fields and close to buildings. The whole farm has been recently limed and is in a productive state of cultivation. The fences are in good repair; the Timberland is inclosed. There is an Apple Orchard on property, and Cherry, Pear, and other choice Fruit Trees. The farm is convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. It is a desirable property.

TRACT No. 2, situate in same township, adjoining lands of D. W. Shoemaker, Jacob Spangler and Jos. A. Wolf, and lying along the Littlestown and Emmitsburg road, close to St. James Reformed church, 4 miles from Littlestown, containing 5 ACRES and 25 PERCHES, improved with a Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, Out-kitchen, Frame Stable, and other necessary Buildings. There is a never-failing Well of Water near the kitchen door. The fences are good and everything in good repair, the land being very productive. There are Apple, Peach, Cherry and other Fruit Trees on premises. Parties desiring to see either property will be shown same by tenants.

Sale of Tract No. 1 to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., and of No. 2 at 4 p. m., when terms will be made known by HARRIET MUMMERT, Administratrix.

July 26, 1898. ts

PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in the Different Boroughs and Townships in the County of Adams—Greeting:

KNOW YE, that in pursuance of a precept to me directed under the hand and seal of the Honorable S. McC. SWOPE, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the 51st Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Adams and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of Capital and other offenders therein, and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and C. G. BEALS and T. S. BLOCHER, Esqs., Judges of the same county of Adams. You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your own proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations and other remembrances, before the Judges aforesaid, at Gettysburg, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden in the county of Adams aforesaid, on the 4th MONDAY of AUG. (being the 22d day,) at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, then and there to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Gettysburg, on the 6th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight. [SEAL]

FRANK M. MILLER, Sheriff.

July 19, 1898. te

Sheriff's Sales.

ON SATURDAY, AUG. 20th, 1898, in pursuance of writs of alias Fieri Facias and Fieri Facias, issuing out of Court of Common Pleas of Adams co., and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court-House in the borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the following real estate, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, Pa., fronting on the New Chester and Heidlersburg road, adjoining lands of Alexander Wolf, Jacob Bringman, Rhes. Eicholtz and Jacob Bolton containing 30 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story LOG HOUSE, Weatherboarded, with Basement, Frame Barn, Hog Pen and Corn Crib, Peach Orchard, 2 Wells of Water.—Seized and taken into execution as the property of and to sell all the right, title and interest of ANN ELIZABETH WISLER and also of all the children and heirs at law and widow of WILLIAM E. WISLER, and of said WILLIAM E. WISLER, now deceased, with notice of rule upon the administration of his estate.

—ALSO—

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Straban township, (New Chester), Adams county, Pa., fronting on the road from New Chester to Creager's Mill, adjoining lands of Israel Myers, Jacob Trimmer and George Witters, containing ½ ACRE, more or less, improved with a Twostory FRAME HOUSE, Out-kitchen, Frame Stable, Chicken House, Fruit Trees, Well of Water.—Seized and taken in execution as the property of and to sell all the right, title and interest of MARY ANN MCCREARY, and also of CENA MCCREARY.

—ALSO—

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Cumberland township Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of J. L. Sherfy, Trostle heirs, George J. Wolf and the U. S. Government lands, containing 173 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story STONE HOUSE, Out-kitchen, Smoke House, Wood House, Stone Bank Barn, Wagon Shed attached, Corn Crib, Hog Pen, Chicken House, Carriage House, 2 Apple Orchards. Spring and Well of Water.—Seized and taken into execution as the property of ROSANNA E. WIBLE AND WM. WIBLE, and to be sold by me,

FRANK M. MILLER, Sheriff.

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down or, upon failure to comply therewith, the property will be put up again for sale.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg. July 26, '98. ts

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

SAMUEL EAHOLTZ'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on estate of SAMUEL EAHOLTZ, late of Arendtsville, Adams co., Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same place, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

S. Mc. EAHOLTZ,
GEO. R. HARTMAN,
Administrators.

July 26, 1898. 6t

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following Ordinances were introduced in the Town Council of the Borough of Gettysburg, on June 7, 1898, and that the same will come up for final consideration and adoption on the 16th day of AUGUST, 1898, at a special meeting of Town Council to be held at the Council Room, in the Engine House, at 7.30 p. m., when and where all parties interested may attend.

REYNOLDS STREET.

Be it ordained, &c.,

That, beginning at a point on West Middle street, 570 feet West of West street, Reynolds street be and is hereby ordained and extended Southward parallel with the right of way of the Round-Top Branch of the Gettysburg and Harrisburg Railroad, a distance of 450 feet, to High street extended, of the width of 50 feet.

HOWARD STREET.

Be it ordained, &c.,

SEC. I. That beginning at a point on West Middle street, 350 feet West of Reynolds street, Howard street be and is hereby ordained and extended Southward along a course South, 27 degrees West, to the Borough limits, of the width of 50 feet.

SEC. II. That said Howard street extended be opened to aforesaid width to High street extended.

HAY STREET.

Be it ordained, &c.,

That, beginning at a point on West Middle street, 500 feet West of Howard street, Hay street be and is hereby ordained and extended Southward along a course, South 27 degrees, West to the Borough limits, of the width of 50 feet.

HIGH STREET.

Be it ordained, &c.,

SEC. I. That High street be and is hereby ordained and extended Westward, from the West side of West street, to the Borough limits, of the width of 50 feet.

SEC. II. That High street be and is hereby ordered opened, of the aforesaid width, to Howard street extended.

ALLEY WEST OF WEST STEET.

Be it ordained, &c.,

That an alley be and hereby is ordained to be a public alley, to extend from West Middle street, at a point 160 feet West from West street and parallel with West street, South to High street extended, and to be of the width of 12 feet.

J. L. KENDLEHART, Secretary.

July 26, 1898. td

New Apple Barrels, Prompt Shipments.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Com

Gettysburg, Pa., Tuesday,

TOWN AND C

Personals

— J. L. Butt, Esq., and ... can, Esq., with their fam ... turned from Atlantic City.

— David A. Riley returned from a ten days' visit to Sea Isle City and Philadelphia.

— Rev. Charles K. Sw... children, of Bellevue, Ohi... Charles Howard, of Cumber...

— Mrs. Granville, of Balt... ing her mother, Mrs. Happ...

— W. H. Rupp, of Corpo... G. A. R., has been appoint... camp on the staff of W. ... Philadelphia, Department ... the Pennsylvania departme...

— M. E. Doll and wife, ... and Rev. Chas. Reinewald ... Emmitsburg, are spending s... the Misses Danner.

— Burgess McCann on, ... was starting judge at races a... Thursday.

— Henry Dustman and ... visiting relatives in South H...

— Paul Spangler is on a t... Falls, Thousand Islands and ...

— William Livers, of Gr... was visiting his parents last ...

— Rev. D. M. Moser, wif... Schuylkill Haven, are here ... ton, stopping at Samuel Fal...

— Mrs. Salome Culp and da... of Chambersburg, are at D. E...

— Miss Nettie Byers, of N... was a recent guest of her br... G. Byers, this place.

— Wm. Hellecker and wife... port, have been recent gu... Buel and family.

— Miss Shaaber and Perc... Reading, are guests of Miss ... brenner.

— Miss Albert, of Phila... John Meisenhelder, of Hanc... town on Saturday.

— Carroll and Edith Pfef... minster, are visiting their si... rice Miller, this place.

— Miss Jeanne Armstrong ... phia, is spending her vacat... niece, Mrs. Dr. Stewart.

— Miss Grace Battin, of P... ing Miss May Garlach.

— Mrs. Sallie M. Stewart ... a three week's visit in Meckle...

— Miss Frances Taoy, of W... visiting Miss Gertrude Spaldi...

— R. M. Schick, Esq., wi... son and two daughters, of ... guests of J. E. Schick.

— Mrs. Margaret Edwards, ... of Mrs. Pfeifer, and daughte... Baltimore, also Miss Florenc... Reisterstown, are at Sa... Tro... green Cemetery.

— Miss Katherine Tinges, w... visiting in Allentown and ... returned.

— Misses May Wertz and M... both of Phila., are visiting ... Tipton.

— Mrs. Dr. Charles M. Fo... York, is a guest of Mrs. Cha...

— Mrs. Col. Daly, (nee Miss ... and daughter, of Kentucky, a... Dr. H. W. McKnight's.

— Miss Margaret Bender, of ... visiting at Mrs. Lovina Be... place.

— Miss Fanny Hallem, of H... visiting her sister, Mrs. H. ... Stevens Street.

— Miss A. S. Barr is on a ... lisle and Harrisburg.

— Miss P. Pauline Wisotzki ... in Smithburg and Hagerstown...

— Miss Mary Lavely, of Pi... guest of Mrs. S. S. Neely.

Miscellaneous.

REV. E. W. WONNER, of Y... will preach in the Methodi... church next Sunday morning ... and at New Oxford in the even... Glenn will preach at York Sp... Chapel and Hunterstown for Re...

A UNITED BRETHREN woods-... be held at Virginia Mills St... mencing Aug. 25, to continu... following week. Rev. J. R. ... Presiding Elder, and Rev. Eby... bersburg, pastor in charge, and ... isters are expected to be prese... invited.

THE Epworth Leaguers, of ... burg district, will hold a rally ... Top on Thursday, Sept. 1. Th... good music and short pract... Every one invited to attend.

HERMAN KAPPES, of Gettysbu... ing to the 17th Reg., U. S. Re... was wounded in the left shou... Santiago, and whose letter ha... in these columns, arrived her... evening from the hospital at T... 60 days' leave of absence, and ... along very nicely. On Wedne... ing a serenade was tendered to ... father's home on Stratton str... improvised drum corps, co... J. Ay Warner, fifer; Allen ... T. Jon Tipton and Milton Reat... mers; Charles B. Tate, mase-dru... David Wallace with the cymb... Kappes then entered the buggy ... Plank, which was decorated wi... and was driven about the tow... panied by the above drum corp...

THE tailor car of the P. & ... was in Gettysburg last week, t... the employees for fall uniforms.

WE understand that Mrs. G... fer, of this place, has inherite... Mrs. Schafer is a daughter of M... Holeen, of Chambersburg. Fran... ty. His parents were both fro... From thence this fortune comes...

THE pic nic for the benefit of ... lic Church at New Oxford will ... Pfeiffer's grove, on Saturday, Au...

THE Shrewsbury Cornet Band ... an excursion to Gettysburg an... on August 27th.

PINE GROVE PARK—EXCURSIO... NO.—St. James Lutheran con... Sunday School and Christian En... ciety will have an excursion and ... Pine Grove Park on Thursday, ... Fare 50 cents round-trip; Child... 12 years, 25 cents; Children und... free. Train leaves Gettysburg ... m. Tickets will also be sold ... leaving Gettysburg at 11.05 a... trips will be made during the da... State Belt Railway to Mt. McLeod... body welcome. Come and spen... with us.

WANTED.—A farmer with plent... to farm on the shares a farm c... 188 acres, lying near Gettysburg. ... Lock Box 138, Gettysburg, statin... of stock, and also giving referenc...

WANTED.—A bright and energe... man, who is not afraid to work, ... lish a tea and coffee route in a... Gettysburg. Good chance for ... man. For full particulars, GRAND UNION TEA... a2.3t No. 9 E. Market street, ...

GO on the excursion to Balti... see some of the big ships whic... there on the 18th. Fare $1. Th... sion gives you the privilege o... Emory Grove Camp free.

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STRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE.

The Compiler.

Gettysburg, Pa., Tuesday, August 9, 1898.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

Personals.

—J. L. Butt, Esq., and Chas. S. Duncan, Esq., with their families, have returned from Atlantic City.

—David A. Riley returned on Saturday from a ten days' visit to Atlantic City, Sea Isle City and Philadelphia.

—Rev. Charles K. Swartz, wife and children, of Bellevue, Ohio, are visiting Charles Howard, of Cumberland township.

—Mrs. Granville, of Baltimore, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Happoldt.

—W. H. Rupp, of Corporal Skelly Post, G. A. R., has been appointed an aide-de-camp on the staff of W. J. Patterson, of Philadelphia, Department Commander of the Pennsylvania department, G. A. R.

—M. E. Doll and wife, of Frederick, and Rev. Chas. Reinewald, and wife, of Emmitsburg, are spending some time with the Misses Danner.

—Burgess McCammon, of Gettysburg, was starting judge at races at Hanover last Thursday.

—Henry Dustman and son, Fred., are visiting relatives in South Haven, Mich.

—Paul Spangler is on a trip to Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands and Watkins Glen.

—William Livers, of Grottoes, W. Va., was visiting his parents last week.

—Rev. D. M. Moser, wife and son, of Schuylkill Haven, are here on their vacation, stopping at Samuel Faber's.

—Mrs. Salome Culp and daughter, Daisy, of Chambersburg, are at D. Emory Sheads'.

—Miss Nettie Byers, of New York City, was a recent guest of her brother, George G. Byers, this place.

—Wm. Heilecker and wife, of Williamsport, have been recent guests of Jacob Briel and family.

—Miss Shaaber and Percy Horine, of Reading, are guests of Miss Mame Winebrenner.

—Miss Albert, of Philadelphia, and John Meisenhelder, of Hanover, were in town on Saturday.

—Carroll and Edith Pfeffer, of Westminster, are visiting their sister, Mrs. Maurice Miller, this place.

—Miss Jennie Armstrong, of Philadelphia, is spending her vacation with her niece, Mrs. Dr. Stewart.

—Miss Grace Battin, of Phila., is visiting Miss May Garlach.

—Mrs. Sallie M. Stewart left to-day for a three week's visit in Mecklenberg, Va.

—Miss Frances Tuoy, of Washington, is visiting Miss Gertrude Spalding.

—R. M. Schick, Esq., with his wife, son and two daughters, of Phila., are guests of J. L. Schick.

—Mrs. Margaret Edwards, sister-in-law of Mrs. Pfeffer, and daughter, Janie, of Baltimore, also Miss Florence Pfeffer, of Reisterstown, are at Supt. Trostle's, Evergreen Cemetery.

—Miss Katherine Tinges, who has been visiting in Allentown and Lebanon, has returned.

—Misses May Wertz and Marie Cannon, both of Phila., are visiting Miss Buelah Tipton.

—Mrs. Dr. Charles M. Ford, of New York, is a guest of Mrs. Chas. S. Duncan.

—Mrs. Col. Daly, (nee Miss Lou Welty), and daughter, of Kentucky, are visiting at Dr. H. W. McKnight's.

—Miss Margaret Bender, of Hanover, is visiting at Mrs. Lovina Bender's, this place.

—Miss Fanny Hallem, of Harrisburg, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. Smith, on Stevens Street.

—Miss A. S. Barr is on a visit to Carlisle and Harrisburg.

—Miss P. Pauline Wisotzki is visiting in Smithburg and Hagerstown.

—Miss Mary Lavely, of Pittsburg, is a guest of Mrs. S. S. Neely.

Miscellaneous.

Rev. E. W. Wonner, of York Springs, will preach in the Methodist Episcopal church next Sunday morning at 10:30., and at New Oxford in the evening. Rev. Glenn will preach at York Springs, Rock Chapel and Hunterstown for Rev. Wonner.

A United Brethren woods-meeting will be held at Virginia Mills Station, commencing Aug. 25, to continue over the following week. Rev. J. B. Anthony, Presiding Elder, and Rev. Eby, of Chambersburg, pastor in charge, and other ministers are expected to be present. All are invited.

The Epworth Leaguers, of the Harrisburg district, will hold a rally at Round-Top on Thursday, Sept. 1. There will be good music and short practical talks. Every one invited to attend.

Herman Kappes, of Gettysburg, belonging to the 17th Reg., U. S. Regulars, who was wounded in the left shoulder before Santiago, and whose letter has appeared in these columns, arrived here Tuesday evening from the hospital at Tampa, on a 60 days' leave of absence, and is getting along very nicely. On Wednesday evening a serenade was tendered to him at his father's home on Stratton street, by an improvised drum corps, composed of P. Ney Warner, fifer; Allen Plank, C. Tyson Tipton and Milton Remmel, drummers; Charles B. Tate, base-drummer, and David Wallace with the cymballs. Mr. Kappes then entered the buggy of Emory Plank, which was decorated with the flag, and was driven about the town accompanied by the above drum corps.

The tailor car of the P. & R. railroad was in Gettysburg last week, to measure the employees for fall uniforms.

We understand that Mrs. George Schafer, of this place, has inherited $30,000 Mrs. Schafer is a daughter of Mr. William Holden, of Chambersburg, Franklin county. His parents were both from Ireland. From thence this fortune comes.

The pic nic for the benefit of the Catholic church at New Oxford will be held in Pfeiffer's grove, on Saturday, August 27th.

The Shrewsbury Cornet Band will run an excursion to Gettysburg and Pen-Mar on August 27th.

Pine Grove Park—Excursion and Pic-Nic.—St. James Lutheran congregation, Sunday School and Christian Endeavor Society will have an excursion and pic-nic to Pine Grove Park on Thursday, Aug. 18th. Fare 50 cents round-trip; Children, 6 to 12 years, 25 cents; Children under 6 years free. Train leaves Gettysburg at 7.15 a. m. Tickets will also be sold for train leaving Gettysburg at 11.05 a. m. Two trips will be made during the day over the Slate Belt Railway to Mt. McLeod. Everybody welcome. Come and spend the day with us. a9.2t

Wanted.—A farmer with plenty of help, to farm on the shares a farm containing 188 acres, lying near Gettysburg. Address Lock Box 138, Gettysburg, stating amount of stock, and also giving references. 1t

Wanted.—A bright and energetic young man, who is not afraid to work, to establish a tea and coffee route in and about Gettysburg. Good chance for the right man. For full particulars,

Grand Union Tea Co.,
a2.3t No. 9 E. Market street, York, Pa.

Go on the excursion to Baltimore and see some of the big ships which will be there on the 18th. Fare $1. This excursion gives you the privilege of visiting Emory Grove Camp free. 1t

Democratic Convention.

C. H. DUTTERA AND FRANCIS COLE FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

A. J. COLLINS FOR PROTHONOTARY---JOHN A. ROCKWELL FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR---THE CONGRESSIONAL CONFERENCE QUESTION---RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

The Democratic County Convention met in the Court-room yesterday morning and was called to order by County Chairman W. P. Devine.

For chairman of the Convention G. Calvin Sheely, of New Oxford, was nominated by John F. Maguire and was chosen by acclamation. Mr. Sheely thanked the Convention for the honor and announced that nominations for vice-presidents were in order. John N. Slifer, of Littlestown, and Frederick N. Morrison, of Straban township, were chosen.

For Secretaries David Thomas, Esq., of Arendtsville, and John Beltz, of Conowago township, were chosen.

A suggestion that a committee on credentials be appointed resulted in the appointment of the following: Dr. A. C. Rice, of McSherrystown, C. A. Decker, of Hamilton, Edw. F. Menchey, of Gettysburg, John N. Slifer, of Littlestown, and Harry S. Cashman, of Bendersville. The committee reported in favor of allowing each delegate, where there were ties, a portion of a vote each. In the Second ward, Gettysburg, Dr. E. J. Wolf, Penrose Myers and Fred. Thorn, having each received forty-seven votes at the primaries, were allowed one-third of a vote each. In the Third ward, John Homan and Frank B. Slonaker, being tie, were allowed one-half vote each.

P. H. Strubinger moved that the Convention proceed to roll call. All the delegates were present.

A. J. Brady, of McSherrystown, moved the appointment of a committee on resolutions. Chairman Sheely appointed the following: A. J. Brady, of McSherrystown, J. Calvin Rebert, of Littlestown, Hon. J. U. Neely, of Fairfield, J. Louis Rhodes, of Freedom, and Geo. S. Diller, of Reading.

G. F. M. Smith, of Mountpleasant township, read a resolution as follows:

Whereas, The Democracy of York county has persistently and arbitrarily violated her plighted faith of the solemn compact made and mutually agreed to in 1876 by and between the representatives of the three counties composing this 19th Congressional district by selecting and electing 13 instead of 3 congressional conferees and whereas it is a fundamental principle of Democracy that the strong shall not oppress the weak, that the majority shall not aggress upon the rights of the minority and whereas this dangerous and demoralizing breach is fraught with the evils and perils of Democratic disruption and dissolution.

Resolved, Therefore that the Chairman of the County Committee this day appoint five representative Democrats of Adams county, himself to be one of this committee, to meet a similar committee of Cumberland county for the purpose of conferring and taking such action in the premises as they may deem wise and expedient; and we therefore respectfully appeal to the Chairman of the Cumberland Co. Committee to join us in this just and justifiable effort for the self protection of Cumberland and Adams counties of the congressional district. We, the representatives of Adams county's Democracy do most emphatically and resolutely protest and we hereby instruct our 3 congressional conferees to-day elected to resist this undemocratic aggression and not to enter the congressional conference with more than 3 conferees from each county.

The way in which this resolution should be acted upon by the Convention precipitated a lively discussion. P. H. Strubinger advocated the measure and claimed that it should be voted upon by the body directly. S. S. Neely, Esq., Hon. R. Wm. Bream and others thought that it should be referred to the committee on Resolutions. The discussion became personal, and there was much cheering and hissing. A. J. Brady spoke and advocated peace and harmony. All of the gentlemen who spoke in the discussion agreed in the point of not allowing York county to over-ride Adams and Cumberland, but the resolution as worded was thought by some to be a slap in the face of York, which was unwise and unnecessary.

Mr. Strubinger, who was the chief speaker, referred to the Conference held in Carlisle two years ago, when York tried to seat thirteen conferees, contrary to the usual system, and he spoke somewhat at length on the base corruption and diabolical scheming of politicians. He made reference to the quality of his own Democracy, and advocated harmony. He "trusted to God, the truth and the people." Among other things he desired to say that a certain man, S. S. Neely, had gone over the county saying that he (Strubinger) was working for Brown, of York, as against Ziegler, and if he did say so, he lied. Naturally a number of the delegates resented this, and there was some temper shown. But the discussion, for a time, turned on the question of the resolution. Mr. Neely, Hon. R. Wm. Bream, Dr. E. J. Wolf and Hon. J. U. Neely spoke on the subject, which did not seem to be properly understood by some, having especial reference to the parliamentary rules applying in the case.

Before the question was settled the Convention adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the afternoon session the question was again taken up, and the proposition to refer the resolution to the Committee was voted down. The vote being: No 43; yes 28½. The resolutions were then adopted. P. H. Strubinger moved at this point that the Convention elect three conferees to represent Adams county in the coming conference. Mr. Neely asked to allowed to substitute a motion allowing E. D. Ziegler, York's nominee for Congress, to choose the conferees. He said that in his judgment it was not wise for Adams to refuse to allow Mr. Ziegler this right, as, by such refusal, we would be ourselves breaking the custom under the rotation rule. He said that York had opportunity to take advantage of us at Carlisle two years ago, but did not use it, and that it was now our opportunity to give to Mr. Ziegler a right which belonged to him—that of choosing his own conferees—provided York would consent to voting but three votes in the conference.

Mr. Strubinger made reply and refused to accept the substitution. A vote was then taken on Mr. Neely's motion which resulted: Yes 34½; no 41½. At this point a discussion arose which became personal. The Convention adopting the resolution proposed by Mr. Strubinger.

Balloting was then begun. For congressional conferees the nominees and the vote were as follows:

G. F. M. Smith 42½
Jacob L. Toot 41½
P. H. Strubinger 44½
R. Wm. Bream 39½
Harry S. Cashman 41½
Penrose Myers 42½

FOR THE LEGISLATURE

The nominees were Hon. W. T. Ziegler, of Gettysburg; Hon. Chas. H. Duttera, of Germany; Hon. Francis Cole, of Menallen, and M. A. Garvin, of Gettysburg: The vote resulted:

Ziegler 13 5-6
Duttera 59⅔
Garvin 43 5-6
Cole 50

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

The nominess were Wm. E. Kapp, of Butler, A. J. Collins, of Mountjoy; John Allison, of Butler; W. A. Taughinbaugh, of Straban; C. W. Stoner, of Gettysburg: Two ballots were taken as follows:

Kapp	15½	14
Allison	9	1
Collins	23 5-6	39 5 6
Tau'nbaugh	13	5
Stoner	11½	10

It was decided by the Chair that a majority of the votes cast would nominate.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

The nominees were John A. Rockwell, of Hamiltonban; Stephen Heinard, of Reading, and Isaac C. Thomas, of Hamilton The vote resulted:

Rockwell 33⅔
Heinard 22
Thomas 10

The matter of the election of a Coroner being mentioned, Mr. Strubinger moved that the nomination of a candidate for that office be left to the County Committee; carried. A. J. Brady moved the following resolutions which were adopted:

RESOLUTIONS.

We, the delegates assembled, believing that the majority of the voters of Adams county are members of, or claim allegiance to, the Democratic party; recognize that there has existed in this county, for some years, two factions of Democrats arrayed against each other, with the view of preventing one or the other from obtaining any advantage in the county; and in late years this deplorable condition has become so pronounced that it has resulted in the defeat of our candidates who, though men of known ability, devoted to the party and its principles, have had to suffer defeat accompanied with pecuniary loss, because of the unjustifiable scratching of the ticket and the withholding of support from the candidates, by one and the other factions.

Believing that the continuation of this condition will surely annihilate all chances of Democratic victory in this county, we, in appreciation of the apparent desire made manifest by all here to-day, deem it of importance that this convention in order to crystalize this sentiment for harmony so happily prevailing shall adopt some expression whereby the adherents of our party shall know that we are again united for the welfare of Party and State

Therefore, be it resolved, that we, the delegates to this Convention, recognizing the disastrous consequences attending factional quarrels, join this day in deploring the divisions heretofore existing, and pledge to the entire Democratic ticket our undivided support in the future.

The following resolution was adopted.

Cumberland County being entitled to name the candidate for Senator in this District, the nominee of that County is hereby authorized to select three conferees from this county to confer with an equal number of conferees from Cumberland County for purpose of making the District Senatorial nomination.

Convention adjourned.

DELEGATES.

Arendtsville — David Thomas, S. M. Eaholtz.
Bendersville — Harry S. Cashman, Dill Bream.
Berwick bor—A. G. Miller, P. H. Strubinger.
Berwick twp—John Miller, John Shull.
Butler—R. B. Myers, J. W. Weaver.
Conowago—John Beltz, Edw. Hoffman.
Cumberland—A. J. Hartman, Adam Redding, Aaron C. Fleck.
East Berlin—R. P. Feiser, P. P. Eisenhart.
Fairfield—J. U. Neely, Henry Hull.
Freedom—J. F. Klingle, J. Louis Rhodes.
Franklin—Jacob Deardorff of J., Samuel Chapman, Albert Cole, S. G. Bucher, Noah Fleck.
Germany — Wm. Stover, B. Spangler, Charles Sell.
Gettysburg, 1st Ward—Albert Plank, Wesley Oyler.
Gettysburg, 2d Ward—S. S. Neely, Dr. E. J. Wolf, Fred. Thorn, Penrose Myers.
Gettysburg, 3d Ward—E. F. Menchey, John Homan, F. B. Slonaker.
Hamilton—C. A. Decker, Joseph Brady.
Hamiltonban—Frank Strausbaugh, J. A. Peters, McClellan Mundorff.
Highland—E. G. Trostle, R. Wm. Bream.
Huntington—Hiram Davis, Samuel Miller, A. W. Chronister.
Latimore—E. J. Masemore, J. A. Wilt.
Liberty—J. Frank Topper, John Cool.
Littlestown—John N. Slifer, J. Calvin Rebert.
McSherrystown, 1st Ward—A. J. Brady, Geo. H. Weaver.
McSherrystown, 2d Ward—Dr. A. C. Rice, H. J. Owens.
Menallen—H. B. Martin, Martin Baugher.
Mountjoy—P. W. Epley, G. W. Topper, Henry Patterson.
Mountpleasant—G. F. M. Smith, Aloysius Hemler, John Gaul, H. J. Hemler, Christian Gebhart.
New Oxford—J. C. Sheely, John F. Maguire.
Oxford twp—C. A. Stoner, C. C. Brown.
Reading—Samuel H. Baugher, W. H. Dicks, Geo. S. Diller.
Straban—F. W. Morrison, F. D. Schriver, Hall Thompson, Wm. Flemming.
Tyrone—G. A. Bowers, F. A. Kraber.
Union — Calvin Good, Raymond Sell, Jacob Unger.
York Springs—Noah F. Hersh, C. S. Gochenour.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Arendtsville—Ira Orner, John Lady.
Bendersville—D. B. Hewitt, D. P. Belap.
Berwick Bor—Jas. B. Carns, D. A. Miller.
" Twp—George Miller, John Richter.
Butler—D. J. Deardorff, I. M. Kesselring.
Conowago—W. P. Devine, John Baum.
Cumberland—J. L. Williams, Oliver Bouzer, David Mehring.
East Berlin—Geo. R. Tschop, Michael Snater.
Fairfield—J. J. Hare, Samuel Brame.
Freedom—J. F. Klingle, David P. Sentz.
Franklin—B. E. Riddlemoser, Wm. B. Deardorff, Geo. A. Kane, Francis X. Cole, J. Frank Carbaugh.
Germany—John D. Ulrich, Geo. Rinedollar, Wm. A. Crabbs.
Gettysburg, 1st ward—Lewis Ramer, Emory Plank.
Gettysburg, 2d ward—S. P. Cox, Dr. M. Moriarty.
Gettysburg, 3d ward—James Mangen, Harry Holtzworth.
Hamilton—David L. Miller, O. Allen Yohe.
Hamiltonban—Henry Peters, W. H. Fowler, Wilson Hummelbaugh.
Highland—Frank Worthern, Harry Slagley.
Huntington—James R. Neely, Wm. Harman, Daniel A. Thomas, John A. Wierman.
Latimore—J. W. O. Miller, J. A. Harbolt.
Liberty—David Guise, Harry S. Plank.
Littlestown—George W. Foreman, Harry A. Lawrence.
Menallen—A. D. Sheely, Elmer W. Shaybaugh.
Mountjoy—Amos S. Miller, Harry Gouker, P. D. Swartz.
Mountpleasant—Frank Gehring, Wm. Todt, Frank Hemler, Wm. Olinger, Chas. Strausbaugh.
McSherrystown, 1st ward—Louis E. Weaver, John H. Weaver.
McSherrystown, 2d ward—Joseph McCann, Harry J. Weaver.
New Oxford—H. G. Wehler, Frank Stoffy.
Oxford twp—D. A. Fink, Harry Slagle.
Reading—I. H. Hoechst, Dr. G. E. Spotz, John M. Slekey.
Straban—J. L. Toot, D. D. Shriver, J. T. McIntire, J. A. Eckert.
Tyrone—E. M. Wierman, Wm. Meckley.
Union—Wm. Wartz, Henry Myers, John Kellenberger.
York Springs—G. W. Griest, J. W. Shepherd.

Company Officers.

In a letter from our correspondent at Chickamauga, which, we regret, reached us too late to be put in type for to-day's issue is the following:

At dress-parade last Wednesday, the Regimental Adjutant read the list of appointments of the non-commissioned officers for Co. M: Orderly Sergeant, Trone; Quartermaster Sergeant, McClean; 2nd Sergeant, Steffy; 3rd Sergeant, Williams; 4th Sergeant, Roth; 5th Sergeant, Weaver, L. S.; Corporals, Warner, Tate, Welty, Cope, Jobe, Brant, Diehl, Trimmer, Lawrence, McIlhenny, Wise and Yeagy.

ENDEAVORS' GREAT RALLY.

Twenty-five hundred persons attended the eighth annual Christian Endeavor assembly and re-union at Mont Alto Park last Thursday. They came from all parts of Cumberland valley, from Harrisburg, Pa., to Winchester, Va. Among those who took part in the oratory and music were Rev. George Henry, of Shippensburg; Professor and Mrs. Lowe, of Philadelphia; Rev. J. T. McCory, of Pittsburg, president of the State union, and Rev. C. E. Hurlburt, of Philadelphia. In the evening Rev. C. E. Hurlburt delivered an address on "God's Call to the Christian Endeavorer," followed by a service of song.

Amusements and refreshments of all sorts at the pic-nic on August 10, at Devil's Den. a2.2t

Meeting Your Needs.

When you feel tired, languid, nervous and are troubled with pimples and eruptions, you will find Hood's Sarsaparilla exactly meets your needs. It purifies and enriches the blood and imparts to it the qualities needed to tone the nerves and nourish the whole system. It cures all blood humors.

Hood's Pills cure sick headache, nausea, biliousness and all liver ills. Price 25c.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Town Council Meeting.

At the regular meeting of Town Council, on Tuesday evening, all the members were present except Mr. Garvin, viz: Messrs. Flaharty, Wolf, Buehler, Stock, Thomas, Ertter, Deatrick and Tawney, President Thomas in the chair.

D. P. McPherson, Esq., Borough Attorney, reported the meeting held in chambers before Judge Swope and the Judge's suggestion that the Council meet the Board of Health in adjusting the matter, intimating that the matter at issue between the two bodies, the salaries of officers of the Board of Health, would be decided against the Council's position should the matter be brought into court. Mr. McPherson suggested the propriety of accepting the situation and paying the amount. Later in the evening when the matter was called up for final action Mr. Buehler moved that orders be drawn for $120 to cover the salaries of the Secretary and Health officers, and $18.38 for costs and attorney fees.

In the discussion which followed Mr. Ertter thought it was a mistake not to subpena witnesses on part of the Borough, and thought the people should know more about where the people's money went.

Mr. Stock said he would not vote on the motion because he believed it best to let the matter go to Court and let the burden of the decision rest there.

Mr. Thomas said he always held that the Board of Health had certain rights which he thought should be respected and replied to Mr. Stock in such a way as to bring the latter gentleman to his feet with the assertion that he had always spoken and voted his sentiments and proposed to do so on this occasion. The question being called, the vote stood: Ayes, Flaharty, Deatrick, Buehler, Wolf; Nays, Ertter and Stock; not voting, Tawney.

J. Frank Dougherty, secretary of the Board of Health, appeared and asked for an order of $27.74 for incidental expenses of the Board for the coming year. As the request was not in an itemized form it was sent back for a more explicit statement.

Borough Treasurer Trostle reported $1,700.80 in bank.

Wm. Arch McClean, Esq., representing the Electric Light Co., asked that the $100 held back from the February light bill be paid over now. He argued that the pending litigation in Court would require them to account for this amount and believed the Council should direct its payment.

The Borough Attorney thought that the only difference between the February bill and others paid since was that in the bill for the month in question notice had been served by the Attorney for the contending party, and not since. In his opinion the Keystone Co. had no real claim, they not having furnished any light. He suggested that the matter be referred to the Finance Committee with power to act. This course was agreeable to Mr. McClean, and Mr. Flaharty, who said that all Council wanted in the matter was to know they were paying to the right party, moved the matter of paying the $100 be referred to the Finance Committee in connection with the Borough Attorney. This carried, Flaharty, Buehler and Tawney voting in favor and Ertter and Deatrick in opposition.

Mr. McClean said he had heard that the question of the expiration of the electric light would be brought up at this meeting. He suggested that in view of pending litigation on the light question the subject be left for further action at the September meeting. Mr. Thomas replied that he did not think anything definite would be done to-night as in his opinion there was but one party with whom to make a contract.

Mr. Flaharty, speaking on the subject of street lighting, said he had consulted a number of persons on the subject, but had not seen as many as he would have liked. Among business men he found a disposition to keep the present all night service and some asked to have additional light. He thought there was something in the argument advanced by many that the lights burning all night was a protection to property. On the other hand there were those who thought we were paying more than our income would justify for light. It was his opinion that if the matter was left to a vote of the people the result would be in favor of an all-night light. His opinion of the matter was that the question of revenue should have due consideration when weighing this subject.

Mr. Stock said he was opposed to spending half the Borough's income for light. He had spoken to a good many tax-payers who thought as he did. In his opinion $1,500 was all we could afford to pay a year for lighting. We are now paying about $2,600. He referred to an offer made by a representative of the Welsbach Gas Lighting Co. a year ago, in which this Company offered to give free of cost a test of their light, and thought they should be asked to come here and show what they could do. If the present expense of light ing was to be kept up, he considered the light would have to be cut off at 12 o'clock.

Burgess McCammon said the people and the heaviest tax-payers almost to a man favor an all-night light.

Mr. Tawney thought it would be a benefit to the Borough if no contract for light be made at present. There can be arrangements made for more lights and at a lower price was his opinion.

Mr. Thomas said we are not compelled to make a contract now, because the parties who are now furnishing the light would be glad to continue. He was in favor of opening the door to competition. If the Welsbach Co. can give us better and cheaper light he was in favor of trying them. If there are rival lighting Companies, they can have their say in it, and if the litigation results favorable to Mr. Ertter, the people can have a say as to whether or not they will accept his proposition of sale.

Mr. Stock moved that the Light Committee be instructed to confer with the Welsbach Company relative to making a test of their light on our streets. Carried.

Adjourned.

ORDERS GRANTED:

V. A. Warner, Supt.	$25 00
W. Herman, labor	26 62
S. Menchey, "	24 00
J. Krixer, "	6 50
G. Degroft, "	21 00
D. Cassatt, "	7 75
G. Cullison, "	12 75
H. Warner, "	10 75
M. Miller, "	11 12
B. Cassatt, hauling stone	5 40
B. Biggs, "	7 80
E. Menchey, "	8 10
F. Deardorff, "	13 50
J. Raffensperger, "	4 20
L. Tipton, carting	2 40
J. Smith, stone	7 10
Z. Tawney, cobbling gutter	90
B. F. Lightner, sharpening drills and use of forge	4 25
W. J. Martin, powder, dynamite and fuse	11 35
Electric Light Co.	211 40
Note due August 7	500 00
Discount on same	2 30
Stamp on same	1 00
Witness fees collected	1 50
Board of Health	188 38
Geo. Gordon, police	30 00
Chas. Kappes "	30 00
Joseph Carver, janitor	10 00

COURT ITEMS.

First and final account of Edward Waltman, guardian of the estate of Wellington S. Rittase, approved and guardian discharged.

Permission granted Noah E. Gobrecht, one of the executors of the will of Jacob H. Gobrecht, late of Union township, deceased, to bid at the sale of real estate of the deceased.

The Security, Title and Trust Co., of York, appointed trustee of Annie E. Spangler, under the will of Elijah Spangler, late of East Berlin.

DEATH.

Mrs. Belinda Swope, widow of the late James Swope, died at 9 o'clock Thursday night at the Alms-house, aged about 73 years.

The funeral took place Sunday from the home of Titus Eckert, at New Oxford, at 1 o'clock p. m. Services and interment at Christ church.

St. Francis Xavier church pic-nic, Wednesday, Aug. 10. a2.2t

Skin and blood diseases, causing all sorts of dire disasters to human happiness are easily and quickly cured by Burdock Blood Bitters. a2.5t

Resolutions Adopted.

At a special meeting of the Press League of Bucks and Montgomery counties, on the occasion of the second annual outing, August 5–7, upon the historic battle ground of Gettysburg, it was unanimously

Resolved, That, appreciating sundry favors unstintingly extended to the members of our League, it affords us pleasure to hereby express our sincerest thanks to Edson J. Weeks, General Passenger Agent Philadelphia & Reading Railway, and to President Henry A. Sage and O. S. Hertzog, Manager of the Gettysburg Transit Company, for kind and courteous treatment; to Luther W. Minnigh, that most efficient guide and lecturer, and to his aides, H. P. Allison, James Culp, Charles E. Gilbert, George W. Ziegler and John Hoffman, for much absorbingly interesting information imparted on the field; to Frank Eberhart, proprietor of the Eagle Hotel, for his kind attention and hospitality, and to Ralph Bingham, that inimitable personator and prince of entertainers, for contributing to the pleasures attending the League's outing.

Resolved, That the members of the League will ever cherish their visit to grounds made forever sacred by a terrible sacrifice of human blood upon the altar of liberty, as no ordinary event; for, standing where so many were offered up in reconstructing the shattered bulwarks of the Union of States, the visitor must be impressed with a profound sense of the imperious duty every citizen of a re-united nation to guard with zealous care the basic governing principles of a free people; if the true and applied meaning of the words of the immortal Lincoln, uttered on Cemetery Hill, on November 19th, 1863, shall unalterably remain as a part of our national existence, as a priceless heritage to the future sons and daughters of the American Republic.

Wilmer H. Johnson, *North Wales Record*, E. S. Moser, *Collegeville Independent*, John C. Preston, *Yardley Review*,

Committee.

Hastings Will Attend.

The new Capitol Commission have invited Governor Hastings to attend the laying of the corner-stone to-morrow, and the Governor will attend.

He has not been in accord with the other members of the commission on the building of the new capitol, still holding that the original amount appropriated, about $550,000, should have been expended on a finished building, as he had assurances from prominent men that the new building could have been put up for that sum, and he has not yet become reconciled to the way the commission turned down the report of the expert architects.

But as Chief Executive he considers that it is his duty to be present, and he will entertain Colonel McClure, the orator of the day.

Right Worshipful Grand Master William J. Kelly, of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania Masons, will lay the corner-stone of the new State Capitol, assisted by the officers of the Grand Lodge. The Grand Lodge will be escorted by Perseverance Lodge, No. 21, and the Robert Burns Lodge, No. 464, of Harrisburg.

The corner-stone will be located at the southwest corner in the wall of the main building. There will be placed in its receptacle the things taken from the corner-stone of the old building, a programme of the first corner-stone ceremonies, copy of the act authorizing the erection of the first building, copy of the Declaration of Independence and Constitutions of the United States and Pennsylvania; a copy of Colonel A. K. McClure's address, and that of Governor Hastings in introducing Colonel McClure; copy of Small's Handbook for 1898; copy of the act of 1897 authorizing the erection of the new Capitol building; all the coins of the Republic and all revenue and postage stamps, and a copy of the Harrisburg Telegram, containing a graphic account of the burning of the old Capitol building.

The Key Memorial.

Bronze Statue to the Author of The Star-Spangled Banner at Frederick.

To-day the bronze statue of Francis Scott Key, author of "The Star-Spangled Banner," will be unveiled in the cemetery at Frederick city, where the poet's remains are buried. The ceremonies will take place at 4 o'clock. The statue will be unveiled by Miss Julia McHenry Howard, of Baltimore, great granddaughter of Francis Scott Key.

The memorial was procured through the efforts of the Key Monument Association, of Frederick city. This association is composed of a number of prominent ladies and gentlemen, who organized and banded together for the purpose of prosecuting this work, in which their patriotism was warmly enlisted. The association was organized June 8, 1894, and incorporated September 1, the same year. The officers are: William C. Birely, president; Lewis A. Rice, vice-president; Folger McKinsey, secretary; William M. Crimmins, assistant secretary; Miss Mary Castle Ott, corresponding secretary; Jno. C. Hart, treasurer.

These, together with the various important committees of the association, of which there are many, have been busily engaged for the past several months formulating plans for the successful completion of their patriotic work on Key's birthday, Aug. 9.

The immense barn of Squire Frank Zartman, near Newberryton, York county, was destroyed by fire about 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon. A spark from a smoke stack set the barn on fire. Some live stock and a large amount of crops were destroyed. The property was insured.

Amusements and refreshments of all sorts at the pic-nic on August 10, at Devil's Den. a2.2t

Are you a sufferer from that terrible plague, Itching Piles? Doan's Ointment will bring you instant relief and permanent cure. Get it from your dealer. a2.5t

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.—The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at Codori's Drug Store 1y

Discovered by a Woman.—Another great discovery has been made, and that too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose, that she slept all night; and with two bottles, has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at S. J. Codori, Jr's., Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. (4)

MARRIAGES.

Palmer—Strickler.—July 31, at New Oxford, by Rev. P. E. Heimer, Mr. Samuel E. Palmer, of near New Chester, to Miss Fannie A. Strickler, of McSherrystown.

DEATHS.

Deaths Free. Tributes, Verses, &c., 5 Cents a Line.

Staub.—July 30, at the Alms-house, from paralysis, Miss Mary Staub, aged about 70 years. Miss Staub was born and reared in Mountpleasant township.

Haverstock.—Aug. 3, in Berwick township, of consumption, Peter Haverstock, aged 57 years.

Adams.—July 20, at Portsmouth, Va., George H. Adams. Interment at Washington, D. C.

Scott.—July 31, in Butler township, William H. Scott, aged 21 years 4 months and 1 day.

Wisler.—Aug. 2, at Beechersville, Butler township, Ernest C. Wisler, aged 20 years 1 month and 10 days.

Stine.—Yesterday morning, in this place, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Harry Stine, aged 9 days.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, of about 122 ACRES, with good BUILDINGS, in Highland township, Adams county, Pa., one mile West of the Stone Church, on the road leading to Irvin's Mill. Land and fencing good. Terms easy. Apply on premises, or address

JOSEPH E. SCOTT,
Aug. 9, 1898. 4t* Fairfield, Pa.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
PERSONAL PROPERTY.

On TUESDAY, the 23d day of AUGUST, A. D., 1898, the undersigned, intending to quit farming and break up housekeeping, will sell at Public Sale, in Straban township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from the Harrisburg road to Bender's church, on the Galbraith farm, 6 miles from Gettysburg and 1 mile from Bender's church, the following Personal Property, viz:

5 Head of HORSES and MULES, one fine Mare 7 years old, a good family beast, one Bay Horse 4 years old, good worker, one Bay Mare 7 years old; one pair of Mules, good leaders, 7 years old; 7 head of Milk Cows, all fall and winter cows, 5 head of Young Cattle; 2 fine Brood Sows, one will have pigs about time of sale, the other later; 6 fine Shoats; No. 1 3-in. Wagon, good as new, Acme make, Dayton Wagon, Buggy, good as new, a new Binder, only used one harvest, Deering make, Mower in good order, 2 Farrow Plows, one a Universal, the other a Syracuse, Spring-tooth Harrow, Sulky Corn Plow, new Wire-tooth Hay Rake, new Corn Planter, new pair Hay Tedders, Dung Boards, good Wheelbarrow, 6 sets Horse Gears, 5 Bridles and Collars, 3 Fly-nets, pair Buggy Harness, Halters and Cow Chains, Double and Single-trees, Forks, Shovels and Rakes; also one-half interest of 31 acres of Growing Corn; 125 Chickens. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Bedroom Suit, 3 pair of Bedsteads, Sideboard, Extension Table, Corner Cupboard, 1 doz. Cane-seated Chairs, half-doz. Plank-bottom Chairs, 5 Rocking Chairs, 45 yards of Home-made Carpet, Sink, Kitchen Table and Chairs, Doughtray, Washing Machine, Cook Stove and Fixtures, Tenplate Stove and Pipe, about 50 Jars of Canned Fruit, Pots and Pans, Wash Boiler, Earthenware and Queensware, lot of Tubs, Can of Lard, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m., when terms will be made known by

MRS. EMANUEL NOEL.
G. K. Walker, Auct. Wm. Gulden, Clerk.
Aug. 9, 1898. ts*

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
Personal Property and Real Estate.

On SATURDAY, the 3d day of SEPTEMBER, 1898, the undersigned will sell at Public Sale, at her residence, on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, the following:

3 BEDSTEADS, 1 Cot, Quilting Frames, 2 Sinks, Ironing Board, large Copper Kettle, Iron Kettle, Washing Machine, Corner Cupboard, large Sideboard, good Dining Table, Wood Stove, Meat Vessel, also Peck and Half-bushel Measure, Step Ladder, Flower Stand, 2 Egg Stoves, Bureau, Washstand, Bedstead and Springs, and many other articles. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m.

On the same day the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the COAL and LUMBER YARD, corner Stratton and Railroad streets. The improvements consist of an Office Building, three large Lumber Sheds, 140 feet of Coal Trestle. A never-failing Spring on the lot. It is a well-known business stand and is one of the best places in the county for the coal and lumber business. Sale to take place at 2.30 o'clock, when terms will be made known by

MRS. A. F. SHEADS.
Aug. 9, 1898. ts

VALUABLE FARM
—AT—
PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers the following Real Estate at Private Sale:

HIS FARM, situate in Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Emmitsburg to Fairfield, about two miles from the latter place, adjoining lands of W. Ross White, James Plank, Milton R. Hull, Conrad Walter, Geo. J. Sites, and others, containing 215 ACRES, more or less; improved with a Two-story STONE HOUSE, 40x30, covered with Slate, Double Porches and a splendid Cellar under the whole building, large Bank Barn, 50x87, Carriage House, 21x25, Hog House, Wood Shop and Wood House, and other Buildings. The farm is well watered, has a never-failing Well at the house and one at the barn, also running water in the barn yard; all the fields but one have running water in them. There are 3 Orchards of Apples, Peaches, Pears, Quinces, &c. About 25 Acres of good Timber. The farm is in a good state of cultivation and the fencing in good order. It is convenient to schools, churches, mills, stores, blacksmith shops, &c. Any person wishing to view the property can call on Martin Baker, living on the premises, or on the undersigned, living in Fairfield.

JOHN MANHERZ.
Aug. 9, 1898. 3m*

Public Sale
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

On FRIDAY and SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2d and 3d, 1898, the undersigned, Executors of the last will of Hon. David Wills, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the respective premises, the following valuable Real Estate:

No. 1, A Very Desirable FARM, in Cumberland township, near Gettysburg, along the Mummasburg road and the G. & H. R. R. and Battlefield avenue, adjoining lands of Martin Winter, J. Harvey Cobean, Directors of the Poor, Alexander Spangler and others, containing 145 ACRES, more or less; improved with a Two-story BRICK HOUSE with Two-story addition, large Frame Bank Barn with tin roof, large Wagon Sheds, Hay Shed, Hog Pens and Corn Cribs, Etc. There are 2 good Wells of Water, one at the house and one at the barn. The land has all been tiled and is in a fine state of cultivation; there is a due proportion of Chestnut and Oak Timber, good Apple Orchard and other Fruit Trees.

No. 2, A FARM, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., about 2½ miles below Bonneauville, known as the Christian Bahler farm, and adjoining lands of John Geesey, Israel Schlosser, deceased, Charles Hemler, Samuel Weikert and others, containing 156 ACRES, more or less, 25 acres, more or less, are in Timber and the balance is clear. It is improved with a Two-story STONE HOUSE, Frame Back-building attached, Bank Barn, Wood House, Hog Pen and other Out-buildings. On the property are 2 Wells of Water, an Apple Orchard, and a variety of other Choice Fruit. Schools and churches are convenient and it will make a fine home for a good farmer.

No. 3, The Undivided Equal One-half of a FARM in Union township, about 2 miles from Littlestown, on the turnpike to Hanover, adjoining lands of Mrs. Boyer, Harmon Strine, Lewis Carbaugh, Andrew Unger, Jacob S. Schwartz, and others, containing 125 ACRES and 31 PERCHES, improved with a Two-story BRICK HOUSE, large Frame Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, Engine House. There are 2 Wells of good Water, one at the house and one at the barn; a variety of Fruit, a Locust Grove and good Timber. There is Iron Ore on this land.

No. 4, Two Tracts of TIMBERLAND, in Franklin township, North of the Chambersburg turnpike, adjoining land of Wm. Kane and others, each containing 7 ACRES.

Farms Nos. 2 and 3 will be offered on Friday, the 2d day of September, 1898. No. 2 at 10 a.m. No. 3 at 1.30 p. m. No. 1, and Mountain Land will b, on Saturday, Sept. 3d, 1898, at 1.30 p.m. Attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN S. BRIDGES,
JOHN A. McCURDY,
WM. P. QUIMBY,
Executors.

The attorneys for John S. Bridges and John A. McCurdy are Wm. & Wm. Arch. McClean and Charles S. Duncan. Aug. 9, 1898. ts

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, agents for the heirs, by virtue of a power of attorney granted, offers at Private Sale the DESIRABLE FARM belonging to the estate of Levi Goulden, deceased, in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Two Taverns to Emmitsburg road, and from Yost's store to Harner's mill, about ¾ of a mile from either place, adjoining lands of John Gerrick, James Rider, Charles Collins, John Hankey and others, containing 137 ACRES, improved with a Two-Story BRICK HOUSE, Large Bank Barn, 85 feet long, Hog Pen, Buggy House, Wagon Shed, Out Kitchen and all necessary buildings. The farm is in a good state of cultivation, has all been limed over and is under good fencing. It has a large apple orchard and plenty of fruit. The farm is well watered, having thereon a never failing well at the house, also a splendid Spring about 50 yards from the house. It also has running water at the barn for the stock. This property is convenient to churches, schools, mills, stores, etc. It has plenty of meadow land and about 12 acres of fine woodland. The tract lies along two public roads, one running right through the centre of the farm, and the fields all come out to the road.

This farm will be sold on easy terms between this and the first of October next. Any person wishing to view the farm can do so by calling on W. J. Althoff, living thereon. Any parties wishing to purchase can do so by calling on F. J. Goulden, Hanover, Pa., or J. J. Goulden, Bonneauville, Pa. Don't fail to examine this property as it is well worth attention and will positively be sold.

F. J. GOULDEN & J. J. GOULDEN.
Aug. 9, 1898. 4t

SPECIAL
BARGAIN CLOTHING
SALE.
13 DAYS ONLY.
AUGUST 13 to 27.
200 Children's Suits
150 Boy's Suits
400 Men's Suits
Men's and Boys' Pants
20 to 50 Per Cent. Off.
STRAW HATS 25 to 50 per cent. off.
Summer Woolens made to order at less than cost.
Come early to get first choice.
J. H. MYERS,
Clothier, Tailor and Gents' Furnisher,
No. 11 BALTIMORE ST.

SAT. AUG. 13. SAT. AUG. 13.

G. W. Weaver & Son,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Bargain Clearing SALE,
SAT. AUG. 13.

The Usual Conditions Must be Strictly Adhered to:
STRICTLY CASH.
NO GOODS RESERVED before, on or after the sale.
NO EXCHANGES after day of SALE.

See the circulars for further particulars.

We believe that the bare announcement of our Bargain Clearing Sale would be sufficient to interest our customers and make the day's sales all we could desire, but we want to give you a little idea of the stock we are willing to sacrifice, and the saving you can make by attending this greatest of all sales yet held by us. The success of previous sales can be attributed to the fact that it was not a sacrifice price on old stock, but was a cut price all through the stock, so that we touched the needs of all with a saving.

We hope to have a sufficient sales force, and proper arrangements of stock so that all can be promptly waited on with comfort and satisfaction.

Wool Dress Goods.

Our greatest business success lies in the fact that we have no accumulations of goods. Of necessity we have goods left at the end of the season, but the price we put on them on Bargain Day cleans them up. A chance for an early fall and to supply school needs for the season, at a big saving. We name a few items to to show you what we are willing to do.

Cut Prices all Through.

to-day
22 cut pcs. Plaids, fancy cotton and half-wool goods, mostly 12½c goods 9c
17 cut pcs. 36 in. cloths, dark Fancies and plain, all wool, were 25 and 35c. 19c
15 cut pcs. French Serge, all wool, the 29c kind, all colors 22 1-2c
16 cut pcs. fancy Novelties, none were less than 40c most of them 50c. 25c
17 cut pcs. fancy Novelties, also plaids, some plain, none were less than 50c. 33c

NOTE.—Many of these Novelties are in dark Colors.

3 pcs. 38 in. Coverts, bargain at 50. 39c
2 pcs. 46 in. Navy Cheviots, the new, popular weave for fall are 70 and 75. 59c
10 pcs. 52 in. wide Cloth, were 57½ and 60. 33c
5 pcs. 52 in. Broad Cloths, were $1.00 79c

NOTE.—The Market on these goods is much beyond our present regular price.

17 pcs. light col. French Serges, Duchess, Granite and Fancies, none were less than 75 many $1.00. 63c
Assorted lot dress lengths, 6 to 8 yds., bought that way; prices were 50, 75, 1.00. 1-4 off

All Remnants at Half Price.

All pieces of 42 and 46 inch goods, under 5 yds. and 36 inch goods under 6 yards, will be considered as remnants.

Black Wool Dress Goods.

Much of this offering of black goods are from our large purchases at old prices some months ago to make saving for you, which makes a cut price double a bargain. The new ones are bought, those here now must go, an opportunity that few will fail to avail themselves of we think.

to-day
2 pcs. 36 in. A. W. French Serge, has been 25c, cost to import 24c. 21c
1 pc. fancy knotted Mohair, the popular 50 cent goods. 29c
1 pc. fancy knotted Mohair, the 40c. kind. 21c
2 pcs. 38 in. Brocades, our price 29c. 21c
1 pc. 36 in. A. W. Albatros, was 40c, a rare bargain to lay away for spring. 19c
2 pcs. 42 in. Gold Medal Brocades, regular price 75c. 63c
1 cut pc. 42 in. Gold Medal Brocades, our price $1.00 79c
1 cut pc. 42 in. Lizard Brocade, our price 85c. 69c
1 cut pc. 42 in. Gold Medal Fancy Brocade, our price 69c. 53c
1 cut pc. 44 in. G. M. Herberta Cloth, our price 85c. 69c
1 cut pc. 42 in. G. M. Crepon, Mohair face, our price $1.50. $1.19
1 cut pc. 42 in. G. M. Crepon, Mohair face, our price $1.25. 98c

Great many other Fancies in balance of pieces of from 7 to 12 yards, at greatly reduced prices.

1 pc. 46 in. G. M. French Thibet Serge, our price $1.00. 79c
2 cut pcs. 46 in. G. M French Serge, our price 75c. 59c
1 cut pc. 46 in. G. M French Serge, our price 50c. 43c
1 cut pc. 46 in. G. M. French Serge, our price 59c. 49c
1 cut pc. 50 in. Silk Warp Gloria, our price 75c. 56c
2 cut pcs. 46 in. Mohair Sicilliane, our price $1.00 79c
1 cut pc. 46 in. Mohair Lustrine, our price 59c. 49c
1 cut pc. 46 in. G. M., A. W. Henrietta, our price $1.00. 79c
1 cut pc. 46 in. A. W. Henrietta, our price 59c. 49c
1 cut pc. 46 in. Silk Warp Henrietta, our price $1.25. 98c

The whole open stock on sale at cut prices.

Colored Dress Silks

There is possibly less reason for sacrificing this silk stock of ours than any of the other departments only that we like to buy new ones. We must keep our money moving.

to-day
1 lot 6 pieces fancies, mostly Plaids; were 50c. 21c
1 lot 12 pieces, fancies, Printed Indias, etc., were 50c. 35c
1 lot 31 pieces fancies, newest effects were 65 up to 85. 48c
1 lot 39 pieces fancies, Plaids, Stripes, etc., were 75 up to $1.00 59c

Remnants at a great cut.

Black Silks---1st floor.

Dress Lengths.
1 lot 24 in. India Brocades, were 50 and 60c. 43c
1 lot 24 in. Satin Brocades, were 67c. 55c
1 lot 24 in. India Satin Brocades, 75 and 85c. 59c

ALL OUR $1.00 Faille Duchess Poie de Soie Rhad Taffeta TO-DAY 79c
ALL OUR $1.25 Faille Duchess Poie TO-DAY $1.00

to-day
2 pieces black Grendine, were 85c. 59c

NOTE.—Rich Fabrics for evening wear.

8 pieces colored Satin Duchess, were 85c. 69c
1 lot 30 in. Changeable Lining Silk, were 45c. 33c

Remnants Silks About 1-2 Price.

Ready to Wear

Shirt Waists must go, many are large sizes, all this year's styles.
50 cent Waists to close out 23 cents.
75 " " " " 29 "
$1. " " including white, 59 "

Calico Wrappers, Cut Price.

WORSTED DRESS SKIRTS

All of nice quality, Taffeta lining, Velvet bindings, right width and rightly made.

Cut, about one-fourth off.

All Corsets, Except Thompson's Glove Fitting at a Cut Price today of 20 Per Cent.

LAWNS.
SECOND FLOOR.

All the special values that we had at 6¼ and 8c, balance of our stock for this day 3c.
All the balance of our 10 and 12½c Lawns, plain and fancy, to close, go this day at 5c.
Balance of Dress Ducks, colored P. K. Shirt Waist Cheviots, none were less than 12½, go for this day at 6 1-4 and 8c
One lot of White Goods, odds and ends of the summer stock at less than half.
About 1,000 yds. Fine Dress Ginghams and Seersuckers, balance of our stock, nearly all the 10 and 12½c kinds, also a few Madras to close for this day at 6 1-4c
About 300 yds. Fine Yard Wide Percales, the 12½c kind, to close for this day at 6 1-4c
About 700 yds. Fine Printed Brandenburg's, lustre-like silk, good colors and patterns, an elegant fabric for dresses or bed comfortables, regular value 12½c. for this day 6 1-2c
2 More cases that Elegent Bleached Muslin, value 7c. For this sale at 5c

All 8c Bleached Muslin--To-day 6 1-4

Special for This Sale.

1 case Ellerton Brand, bleached and unbleached CANTON FLANNEL—in manufacturers samples—10 yds. in each piece all qualities—at about ¼ less than value.
1500 yds. Best Fancy Prints, good fancy styles, the 6¼ cent kinds, for this sale at 4c
A COMFORT-MAKING OPPORTUNITY.—1200 yds. best quality yard wide, Silkalines—Spring patterns, the kind that most stores sell at 12c, for this day at 6 1-2c

Hosiery Opportunities.
SECOND FLOOR.

A saving that will pay you to supply your needs for some time.
100 doz. Childs' and Misses' Black ribbed hose, sizes 5 to 9. Some are slightly imperfect, no holes—they are the seconds of 10 and 15c hose. For this day 5c
None to Storekeepers.
10 doz. Misses' and Children's assorted sizes and kinds, black mostly also a few tans full seamless—odds and ends of our stock that sold at 15 to 19c. For this day 9c
1 lot Ladies' drop stitch, fancy stripes, plaids—that sold this season at from 35c up to 50c.
For this day 23c
1 lot Ladies' fine imported black, tan, oxblood and balbriggan hose, our regular 25 up to 33c.
For this day 19c
Many Other Lots.

Men's Hose
ON FIRST FLOOR.

One lot assorted kinds, black, fancy and tan hose, 15c values, for to-day 9c. 3 prs. 25c.
1 lot Men's black, tan, balbriggan and fancy hose—none worth less than 25c up to 40c.
For this day 19c

15 DOZEN
Men's Negligee Shirts
in dark and light colors, all sizes—none made to sell for less than 35 cts.—for this day 23c
None to Dealers.
7 doz.—Balance of our

Stock of the popular MADRAS SHIRTS—also some white, nearly all sizes, our 50c hummer, for this sale 38c

As it is drawing near the time of purchasing the

WINTER UNDERWEAR,

we will offer the following lots at ridiculously low prices—2nd floor. 9 doz. Men's natural and white shirts and drawers in all sizes, regular 40c goods, for this day only 25c
Odds and ends of last season's stock in Union Vests and Pants for Children and Ladies, slightly dust soiled, for this day half price.

Ingrain Carpets.

3 cut pcs. Heavy Cotton, regular price 25c., to-day 21c
2 cut pcs. Extra Heavy Cotton, regular price 35c, to-day 27c
3 cut pcs. Union Cotton, regular price 40c, to-day 31c
5 cut pcs. Cotton Chain, regular price 55c, to-day 44c
6 cut pcs. all wool, extra super, regular price 65c, to-day 54c
2 cut pcs. all wool Agra, regular price 70c, to-day 57c
3 cut pcs. Flemish Tap. Weave, regular price 90c, to-day. 75c

All Ingrain Stair Carpets at Cut Prices.

1 cut pc. (24 yds) Green Velvet, $1, to-day 65c
4 pcs. Fancy Velvet, best, $1, to-day 81c
6 pcs. 10 wire tapestry, 64c
8 pcs. 8½ wire tapestry, were 80c, to-day 61c
8 pcs. 7 wire tapestry, were 50c, to-day 42c
Short pieces at 40c and 50c.—were 65c to 80c.

Bring Measures for —Small Rooms.

8 Goshen Sweepers, the $3 kind, to-day $2.35

Many other things in this Department at a Cut Price.

Floor Oil Cloth and Linoleums at a Reduction Price.

20 pcs. 5-4 Table Oil Cloth, the 15c kind, to-day 10c

Lace Curtains

We offer the remainder of the bargain lot of Curtains at a cut Price to make room for Fall purchases.

	Bargain price.	To-day
15 pcs. 3 yd. curtains	60c	49c
15 " " "	75	62
8 "3x3½" "	$1.00	85
14 " " "	$1.15 and 1.25	$1.00
22 " 3½ " "	1.40 " 1.50	1.10
8 " " "	1.85	1.48

Deeper cut on all the higher grade CURTAINS.

Curtain Draperies Closing Price.

Cleaning up of the RIBBON STOCK, all in ends of 1 to 4 yards, all widths, all colors, fancy and plain at about an average price of 1-2 the regular.

Cleaning up the EMBROIDERY STOCK, pieces run from 1 yd. to 4½ yds., at ⅔ to ½ regular price.

STOCK OF LACES, must be reduced, all kinds for all kinds of uses. White, Black, Ecru; Cotton, silk and linen. Some at less than half price, others at an average of ⅓ off.

We find it impossible to mention all the cut prices in this store, but we assure you that this is the greatest cut price SALE ever held by us.

Chenille Curtains

You'll save a nice little sum here.

3 prs. allover frg'd, were	$6.00	to-day $4.75
4 "	5.00	4.25
7 "	4.50	3.95
3 "	4.00	3.39
4 "	2.75	2.25
AND OTHERS.		
2 " Rep. Brocade	$5.50	$4.59

Chenille Covers, Cut Prices.

Housekeeper's List.

	Reg. Price.	To-day
2 pcs. White Table Damask	20c	16c
2 " " Linen "	28	21
2 " " " "	29	23
2 " 66 in. unbleached "	40	33
Small lots " " reduced to close		
2 pcs. Red, fast color "	20c	15c
4 " " " T. "	25	21
4 " " "imported" "	50	42
15 doz. Huck Towels, 12½c value, per dozen		$1.10
1 Lot Towel Crashes, Cut Prices.		
2 pcs. 9-4 Bleached Sheeting,	19c	16c
2 " " "	23	19
2 " 10-4 "	23	19
2 " " "	25	21
Pillow Muslins, various widths, Cut Prices.		
24 good size White Quilts, for this day		83c
24 "		47
19 Ex.		75

MANY OTHER THINGS THAT WE CANNOT FIND SPACE TO MENTION.

20 prs. 11-4 SILVER GREY ALL WOOL BLANKETS, bought at last year's prices, value $4.50, $3.60

Should the weather be inclement the Sale will be continued on Monday following.

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STAHLE & BRO., EDITORS AND PROPR'S.

Gettysburg, Pa., Tuesday, August 9, 1898.

WHEAT CULTURE.

METHODS OF TILLAGE—TIME OF SEEDING—SELECTION OF VARIETIES—SELECTION OF SEED—DISEASES OF WHEAT, ETC.

CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.

CROSS BREEDING OF WHEAT.

This is a comparatively new feature in agricultural science, but its effectiveness in improving the wheat plant is nevertheless now well recognized by agriculturists generally. Some of the best-known varieties which were produced by cross breeding and are now firmly fixed are those of Pringle and Professor Blount in this country, and Carter Bros. in England. In more recent years R & J. Garton, of England; Ferrer, of New South Wales; Professor Saunders, of Canada; Prof. W. M. Hays, of Minnesota; A. N. Jones, of New York, and others, have produced in the same way a great number of new varieties, most of which, however, are not yet sufficiently well established to indicate what their value will be. Over one hundred of the varieties produced by Ferrer have been tried by the writer in this country, but most of them have succumbed to the severe climate of our wheat region. As a rule, however, they show much more vigor than the ordinary varieties from that country, and some of them bid fair to establish themselves firmly in the United States as desirable varieties.

There is no doubt a vast field for improvement of cereals in this way, and it would be well for the experiment stations to give this subject more attention. Cross breeding adds so much vigor, and wheat is such a strictly self-fertilizing plant, that it would probably be of much value to at least occasionally practice cross pollination even between separate plants of the same variety, and thus obtain a fresh start, with renewed vigor, from the offspring of such crosses. But aside from the general effectiveness of cross breeding there are particular cases in which it is of very great value. For instance, if a hardy bearded variety which is well adapted to a certain locality and a good yielder is crossed with a bald variety of merit, the beards may be gotten rid of and the good qualities still retained; or varieties which are liable to rust, but are otherwise good may be made more rust resistant if crossed with a variety possessing this quality.

SELECTION OF SEED.

Many experiments made in recent years show the advantage of using large and vigorous seed in growing various field and garden crops, but it is only lately that attention is being given to the use of such seed in wheat growing. At present experiments are being made at several different places to test this point with reference to wheat, three grades of seed—small, medium and large—being used. Too much attention can not be given to this subject. Many choice varieties have been developed by selecting from a field certain unusually good heads, planting the grains of these separately, and thereafter selecting the best each year. It has already been satisfactorily proved that the old idea that rust-shriveled grains give as good returns as large, healthy ones is erroneous. About the year 1876 a semihard, red variety, known as Grass wheat (probably an Odessa sort), became quite popular in northern Kansas, and was widely used for ten or twelve years thereafter. However, as the variety was adapted for either fall or spring sowing, and the spring-sown crop was always inferior to the fall-sown, the consequence was that two grades were produced from the one variety. As the fall-sown crop brought the better price, it became the practice to sell all the winter wheat and use the worst of the spring crop for fall seeding. It was claimed that this practice made no difference in the quality or quantity of the winter wheat, but about 1888 Grass wheat began losing favor among wheat growers, having lost much of its original good quality, and finally gave place to Turkey, Fultz, and other varieties. Now, there is no doubt that the deterioration of this variety was due, in great part at least, to the constant use of the very inferior shriveled spring grain for fall seeding. Many other instances of the so-called "running out" of varieties is probably due mostly to similar causes. However, even under the best treatment, it is a pretty well-established fact that certain varieties, when introduced into new localities, will in time change quite materially in quality of grain. This is especially likely to be the case with hard northern sorts when transferred to warmer and moister southern latitudes. Probably the only remedy in such cases is to make an occasional fresh importation of seed.

The matter of seed selection is of such vital importance that probably nothing would be of more benefit to the wheat grower than the establishment of special small seed plats of, say, 1 to 5 acres, from which to select seed each year. The following plan is recommended: At harvest time cut from a good field a strip of the best portion, first eliminating all rye and other foreign heads and large weed seeds. After thrashing the wheat from this strip, grade it by means of a fanning mill with special sieves made for the purpose, so as to obtain only the largest and most vigorous grains. Use the best grade of wheat both for sowing the small plat and for the general crop the next season. The next year use none of the field crop for seed, but after grading the wheat from the small plat, as before, use the very best of it for sowing the small plat and all the remainder for sowing the large field, and so on from year to year. In this way seed is never taken from the general crop, which can not be given the same care as the small plat, and there is a constant selection of seed, which is more and more rigid every year. Moreover, there is no extra labor involved, except the small amount required for grading the seed each year.

It is stated that systematic selection of seed wheat is already being practiced by a few Michigan wheat growers, but in what way the writer can not state.

DISEASES OF WHEAT—SMUTS.

The subject of cereal smuts and their prevention has been brought to the notice of agriculturists so frequently that it will not be discussed in detail here. It is strange that a treatment so simple, cheap, and efficacious as that with hot water or potassium sulphide is practiced so little by farmers, especially in the Northern States, where bunted wheat is so common that millers complain of it constantly. All millers in Minnesota and the Dakotas should absolutely refuse to receive bunted wheat, or at least should severely dock the seller. In this country there is certainly no longer any reasonable excuse for the presence of bunt, or stinking smut, as bulletins describing in detail the treatment for smuts have been distributed over the entire country by the Department of Agriculture and the State experiment stations.

The loose smut of wheat has never yielded to these preventives in any satisfactory way. Of interest in this connection is the series of experiments conducted by Mr. F. L. Maddox, of Eastfield, Tasmania, the result of which may throw much light on the life history of loose smut and probably show why the same preventives have failed to be as effective, if effective at all, against this smut as against bunt.

The results derived from the experiment were, briefly, as follows: (1) Artificial inoculations of the wheat head with loose smut while flowering produced no smut in the head that season, but the grains when planted produced smutted heads the following season; (2) treatment of the grains of the inoculated heads with hot water and potassium sulphide treatment has no effect in preventing smut the following year, though the same treatment was quite effective with the bunted. The natural inference is that in case of the grains from heads artificially inoculated with loose smut the fungus, having already infected the seed, can not be killed without injuring the grain. These experiments, apparently carefully performed and accompanied as usual with sufficient checks, seem not to have been noticed in this country.

RUSTS.

It must be admitted that as yet there is no preventive or remedy for wheat rust, at least as far as combating the rust directly is concerned. For some time strong efforts have been made in several different countries (including the field experiments by this Department for two years) to discover and establish rust-resistant varieties, but so far only partially successful and rather conflicting results have been obtained. It has been found that certain varieties are highly resistant to the orange-leaf rust, and that some of these varieties are fortunately the best bread wheats, being hardy and having hard grains with good milling qualities. They are, however, not generally good yielders. Even among the varieties of the bread-wheat group a few are found to be somewhat rust resistant, but otherwise do not possess good qualities, and again quite a number are hardy and productive, but are not rust resistant. Varieties that are quite rust resistant in Australia sometimes become badly rusted here, and this is true even to a greater extent of American sorts in Australia. There are differences in resistance of the same variety in different localities in the same country. Such variation is most likely due to changes in the constitution of the plant caused by changes of climate. Our hard American-grown Fifes are known to become much softer when grown in Australia.

On account of the great variation and consequent uncertainty in the rust resistance of varieties, it seems that the production of early varieties, that will ripen soon enough to escape the rust, is nearly, if not quite, the most important feature in sowing wheat. Our Early May (though a rather soft sort), the Roseworthy and Allora Spring of Australia, and a few Japanese sorts are worthy of notice in this respect. In the States of the plains the early varieties have the additional advantage of being more likely to escape shriveling of the grain by drought. Besides this, even the most rust-resistant varieties are occasionally much injured during the seasons when the rust is unusually bad or the wheat unusually late in ripening.

The writer is confident, however, that after all, the orange-leaf rust does very little, if any, damage to the grain in this country, although perhaps it injures the straw considerably; and that all experiments, including the writer's, heretofore made by botanists in this country with a view to prevention or remedies, have been entirely with the wrong species of rust. From personal observation and inquiries extending over four years, the writer believes the inevitable conclusion is that in all cases of really serious damage to the grain by rust the black-stem rust (*Puccinia graminis*) is the real cause, although the other species may also be present in abundance. In such cases the extreme degree of injury is seldom, if ever, realized by those who are not financially concerned. The grain becomes shriveled up to almost nothing in from one to three days, and the straw at harvest time is almost rotton and is easily rubbed into small bits. Such blasting effects, however, occur, as a rule, only in southern latitudes, but are occasionally seen in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, and southern Illinois. In the South the destruction is quite often complete, and in such cases the fields are pastured instead of harvested in order to get as much good from them as possible. In Texas vast districts of some of the best wheat lands of the plains have been abandoned by wheat growers, solely on account of the destructive effects of this parasite. So far as known, there is no resistance against this rust by any variety. The very hard durums, which are practically proof against orange-leaf rust, yield readily to the black-stem rust. As yet the life history of the rust in this country is not wholly understood, and until it is there can be but little hope for the wheat industry in the South.

On the whole, then, the outlook for wheat culture in this country is good, provided proper attention be given to the many possible improvements such as herein suggested. Wheat is just like any other product, in that prices are badly affected by an oversupply of a poor article. A moderate production of a good article, brought about by a diversified and scientific system of farming, with a proper outlet for the product, is sure to develop and maintain a profitable industry.

THE END.

AN UNWELCOME GUEST.

This Hotel Clerk Cannot be Blamed for Ejecting so Troublesome a Guest.

After the battle of Waterloo, when the allied forces lay in and around Brussels, every conceivable sort of coin was in circulation. One day an Irish soldier walked into a hotel with a British shilling, and asked the clerk if it would go. "Good for anything I have," was the reply. The Irishman took him at his word, and ordered dinner. When he had gotten outside of an astonishing amount of wine and victuals, he tendered the shilling in payment. Explanations followed, and the clerk, taking in the situation, said, "Here, my good man, misery loves company. Keep the shilling, my friend, and play the same game on our neighbor down street." As the shilling was pocketed the owner coolly replied: "Can't, my friend, I worked it on him yesterday, and he sent me to you to-day." Now this anecdote has nothing earthly to do with Mr. James H. Aughinbaugh, clerk at the National Hotel, Chambersburg, Pa. We merely introduce him in this manner, so that the readers of this paper who have regular visits from relatives of the guest in question will know how to dispose of the intruder. Read what Mr. Aughinbaugh says: "I had sometime ago a very bad back. When not aching with a dull, grinding pain, it rebuked me with sharp, piercing ones, especially if I stooped or moved unthinkingly. I went to a drug store and procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. They relieved me from the first two or three doses, and when I had finished the first box, all the trouble had disappeared. If it ever recurs, I know now what to do."

Doan's Kidney Pills, for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

"I HAVE just read a story in which the heroine's hair turned white in a single night," said one girl. "I don't believe it."

"I don't know," said the other. "There is no telling what queer tricks some of these new bleaches will play.—*Detroit Free Press*

"HAS your daughter made her debut yet, Mrs. Green?"

"I don't think she has. She ain't obliged to make her own things, you know. We can afford to buy the best."

GOOGLE—"That auctioneer has a lot of wind."

Halyard—"He needs it."

Google—"Why?"

Halyard—"Because his sales are small."—*Town Topics.*

"MIKE, and does yer know that my brother, sorr, has not had his hair cut for tin years?"

"An sure he's bald, thin, sorr."

"No. Dead."

IT is not generally known that washing the hair in rainwater and soft soap and rinsing in cold ordinary water makes the hair soft and silky.

"Is America right in going to war with Spain?" was the question before a rural debating society recently. It was a remarkable debate. Those who took the side of Spain soon retired from the hall and inquired the way to the hospital. The Coroner traveled five miles to attend the meeting, and, being tired out when he arrived, he sat on several of the Spanish partisans for three hours.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

THE FIRST MATE.—"How clear and bright it is in the west." The Second Mate.—"Why not? The captain has been sweeping the horizon with his glass."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

Something About Indigestion.

What Causes It and How It May Be Avoided.

America has the reputation, less deserved now, perhaps, than it was half a century ago, of being the land of the dyspeptic. When we consider the causes that were formerly at work to prevent healthy digestion, we cannot wonder that so many suffered from this malady.

The men were too busy to devote the necessary time to their meals, and bolted their food without the thorough mastication that insures the proper beginning of the digestive process. The women had more time to eat, if they would have taken it, but they went out little, taking almost no exercise, and the quantity of food eaten was almost always in excess of the needs of the body—a most favorable conjunction for the production of dyspepsia.

Finally, the food itself was of such a kind, and prepared in such a way, as to tax the digestive organs to the utmost. The frying-pan reigned supreme, and greasy, smoked and corned meats, with hot saleratus biscuits or heavy pancakes, led the assault at breakfast-time upon the sorely overworked stomach, hardly recovered after a night's rest from its herculean struggle with the hot bread, pie and doughnuts of the preceding supper.

So much has been said and written on this subject that these causes are less active to-day, but they are still sufficiently so to bring misery to large numbers.

The familiar symptoms of dyspepsia are a coated tongue, a disagreeable breath and a bad taste in the mouth. The appetite may be poor or it may be ravenous, there may be nausea and vomiting, a feeling of weight in the stomach and often of oppression in the chest. There will probably be much flatulence and heartburn, and more or less acute pain.

A great danger to be avoided in dyspepsia is self-treatment. The patient watches himself, cuts off one article of diet after another which he has been led to believe, often without reason, to be injurious to him, until he nearly starves himself; or he swallows box after box of pills, or bottle after bottle of Doctor Somebody's anti-dyspepticum, until his powers of digestion are utterly ruined.

If an intelligent physician is ever needed by any one, it is by the sufferer from this distressing and complicated malady, which must be taken in hand early to be cured easily, or perhaps at all.—*Youth's Companion.*

MRS FURST—"I just know if I'd die he'd marry again and forget me."

Mrs. Sechond—"My dear, if there is anything that would make him remember you kindly, it would be marrying again."

LADY (sitting for portrait)—"Now, make my mouth small, will you—ever so small? I know it is large, really; but make it quite tiny, will you?"

Artist (politely)—"Certainly, madam; if you prefer it I will leave it out altogether."

FARMER SCROGGS—"Hard times must' hev struck city folks."

Farmer Binks—"Dew tell."

Farmer Scroggs—"They're hevin' dinner in the evenin' and doin' 'thout supper."—*Judge*

IT would be hard to convict a Spanish gunner of assault and battery with intent to kill.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

THE coolest things to wear just now are a palm-leaf fan and a cheerful smile.

THE dear girls are still happy because they don't have to stick stamps on their ice-cream soda.

THE Spanish prisoners who are summering at Portsmouth are living on the American plan and seem to like it.

GUMDROPS—"It seems strange to hear the ocean roar."

Piper—"Why so?"

Gumdrops—"One would think that such an immense volume of water would drown the noise."—*Up to Date.*

RECENTLY Speaker Reed wished to see a man on some pending legislation and telegraphed for him to come to Washington. The man took the first train available, but a washout in the road made it impossible for the train to proceed. Going to a telegraph station, he sent this dispatch to the speaker:

"Washout on the line. Can't come."

Reed sent back this reply:

"Buy a new shirt and come anyway."

SHE—"I never saw such a kitchen! Everything seems mixed up."

He—"Perhaps the cook is going to give us hash for dinner."—*Yonker's Statesman.*

"HAVE I got the 'pleasing expression' you want?" asked Mr. Gubbins.

"Yes, sir," replied the photographer. "I think that will do very well."

"Then hurry up, please. It hurts my face."—*Sporting Times*

JOHNNY—"Pa, what's the difference between puncture and punctuation?"

Pa—"Not a great deal, my son. They both cause one to stop."—*Boston Transcript.*

"OH, yes," said the medical student boarder. "I have read of several cases where rheumatism shifted from the limbs to the heart."

"I know a still stranger case," said Asbury Peppers. "I know a young man who had a broken finger, and when they would not let him enlist he was heartbroken."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

"WHY, Freddie," exclaimed the mother of a precocious 5-year-old, "aren't you ashamed to call auntie stupid? Go to her at once and tell her you are very sorry."

"Auntie," said the little fellow a few moments later, "I'm awful sorry you are so stupid."—*Chicago News.*

BOB—"What's the matter? Has the heiress refused you?"

Dick—"Well, I don't know that you could call it a refusal exactly, but we had hardly got seated in the parlor before she said it was a pity that all our best men had gone to war."—*Chicago News*

THE public is cautioned not to put the stamps with "I. R.," printed on their face, on mail matter, for that will render all such matter unmailable until supplied with the proper postage.

BIG SISTER—Now, Tommy, you must do as I tell you. You know I am older than you are.

LITTLE BROTHER—That's all right, sis, but the time will come when you won't care to be reminded of that.—*New York Journal.*

MANY a man is willing to die for his country, but he wants to fix the date for himself.

Record Your Deeds.

By examination of the late Act of the Legislature, approved May, 19th, A. D., 1893, it will be seen that all Deeds and Conveyances made and executed after the passage of this Act, *SHALL* be recorded in the office for the Recording of Deeds, etc. within ninety days, or else be adjudged fraudulent and void as to any subsequent purchaser.

All persons holding unrecorded Deeds will see the importance of having them recorded without delay.

SIMON P. STOFFER, Recorder.

127 tf

Oh, the Pain of Rheumatism!

Rheumatism often causes the most intense suffering. Many have for years vainly sought relief from this disabling disease, and are to-day worse off than ever. Rheumatism is a blood disease, and Swift's Specific is the only cure, because it is the only remedy which can reach such deep-seated diseases.

A few years ago I was taken with Inflammatory Rheumatism, which became so intense that I was for weeks unable to walk. I tried several prominent physicians and took their treatment faithfully, but was unable to get the slightest relief. In fact, my condition seemed to grow worse, the disease spread over my entire body, and from November to March I suffered agony. I tried many patent medicines, but none relieved me. Upon the advice of a friend I decided to try S. S. S. Before allowing me to take it, however, my guardian, who was a chemist, analyzed the remedy, and pronounced it free of potash or mercury. I felt so much better after taking two bottles, that I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely. The cure was permanent, for I have never since had a touch of Rheumatism though many times exposed to damp and cold weather.

ELEANOR M. TIPPELL,
3711 Powelton Avenue, Philadelphia.



Don't suffer longer with Rheumatism. Throw aside your oils and liniments, as they can not reach your trouble. Don't experiment with doctors—their potash and mercury will add to your disability and completely destroy your digestion.

S.S.S. For The Blood

will cure perfectly and permanently. It is guaranteed purely vegetable, and contains no potash, mercury, or other mineral. Books mailed free by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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CALL TO SEE ME.

MY STOCK IS COMPLETE; PRICES LOW.

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1st Square, Chambersburg St.
Apr. 13, '98. tf

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HAVING purchased the bottling works of S. D. & D. K. ERNST I announce that I will continue the business in

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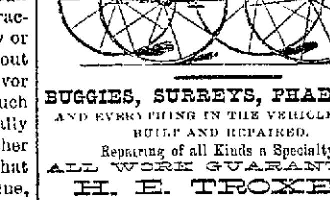
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Mar. 3, 1896. tf



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DOUBLE YOUR INCOME by representing us during your leisure hours.

SALARY PAID WEEKLY to those giving entire time to our work. Address, giving age, occupation and reference,

DODD, MEAD & CO., New York.

Spring and Summer Clothing.

JOSEPH JACOBS, THE TAILOR,

has just received a line of the finest goods for

Spring and Summer Clothing.

He has bought so as to sell at Low Prices, and guarantees a good FIT and entire satisfaction.

Chambersburg Street, Second Square.

WILLIAMS' ARNICA AND WITCH HAZEL SALVE, SURE CURE for COLD IN THE HEAD CATARRH

and all SKIN ERUPTIONS—like Pimples, Black Heads, Rough Skin, Sunburn and Tan. 25c per box by mail or from OUR AGENT. Williams Mfg. Co., Props., Cleveland, O.

For Sale by L. M. BUEHLER.

HOP LEE,

CHINESE LAUNDRYMAN

No. 10 Carlisle Street.

Collars Done up any Style, With or Without Gloss. Snow White and Very Stiff.

ALL KINDS OF LAUNDRY WORK FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN AT LOWEST PRICES. GIVE US A CALL. WE TRY TO PLEASE.

All kinds of Pure Chinese Tea for sale. He buys Ginseng Root.

GLOBE HOTEL

Elias Fissel, Prop.,

York st., 1st Square

GETTYSBURG, Pa.

Accommodations First-class Every Particular.

Bar Stock of the Very Best.

LIVERY ATTACHED—

Teams Given Careful Attention

TELEPHONE NO. 122.

Apr. 13, 1897. tf

PLUMBING Gas and Steam FITTING.

Gas Fixtures, Gas Stoves, Piping of all kinds

BATH TUBS AND FIXTURES.

Everything done in a workmanlike manner.

Agents for Furman Steam and Hot Water Boilers.

A share of the public patronage is solicited by

A. B. PLANK & BRO.

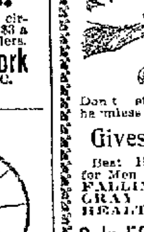
Shop on Stratton street, near W. M. R. R.
May 12, 1896, 1y.

CHANGE OF FIRM.

The undersigned having purchased the butchering business of his father, S. J. CODORI, YORK STREET, announces that the business will be conducted as heretofore, and solicits public patronage.

FRESH, SMOKED and SALT MEATS of all kinds, and everything in the butchering line in season.

WM. F. CODORI.



HAIR HEALTH

Never fails to Renew Youthful Color and Life to Gray Hair. Use DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH. Covers BALD spots. Stops dandruff, hair falling, scalp diseases. Don't stain skin or linen. Absolutely harmless.

Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

Best HAIR GROWER DRESSING for Men, Women, Children. If your hair is FALLING, FADING or TURNING GRAY try at once DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH.

Only 50 Cents Per Large Bottle.

Prepared by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, N. Y., who will send it prepaid, together with a case of DR. HAY'S KILL CORN, only sure and instant 10c. CORN CURE, on receipt of one, three bottles, $1.50. AT ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

DON'T ACCEPT ANY SUBSTITUTE.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED instantly. Our INVISIBLE TUBE Cushions help when all else fails, as glasses help eyes. Self adjusting. No pain. Whispers heard. Send to F. Hiscox Co., 853 Broadway, N. Y., for Illustrated book and Proofs FREE

CHANGE OF FIRM!

HAVING again assumed entire control of the business lately conducted in the firm name of

ELLIOTT & HOUSER,

I would respectfully ask a continuance of past favors.

Honest Goods
Honest Prices
FAIR DEALING

will characterize the business.

R. M. ELLIOTT,

HATS, SHOES and Gents. Furnishings,
Cor. Carlisle st. and Centre Sq.
July 5, '98. tf

New Grocery!

I have purchased the Grocery Store of Mrs. CLARA BRINKERHOFF, 123 Balto St., and will continue business with a full line of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CANNED GOODS, Candies, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

Large Assortment of GLASS-WARE at cost.

GOODS DELIVERED ALL OVER TOWN.

Public Patronage Solicited.

WILLIAM OGDEN.
Jan. 11, 1898. tf

Established.............Oct. 24, 1870.

Ziegler & Holtzworth LIVERY,

HOLTZWORTH BROS., Propr's.

—REAR OF EAGLE HOTEL—

WASHINGTON ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.

First-Class in all its Departments.

Battlefield a Specialty.

April 10, '94. tf

NOTICE.

SIMON J. CODORI having disposed of his business to his son WILLIAM F. CODORI, has placed his accounts with the undersigned for settlement. All persons whom he owes will please present their claims for payment; and all who owe him will please call and settle with WM. McSHERRY, JR., Attorney for SIMON J. CODORI, Gettysburg, Pa.
Mar. 8, 1896. tf

DR. NORTH'S COMPOUND SARSAPARILLA Extract

The Great Blood Purifier and Alterative

Will be sold for 35c. a bottle or

5 Bottles for $1.00

for a limited time as the introduction price.

THIS Preparation scientifically combines the best known tonic and alterative drugs in the use for the cure of Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, such as Boils, Pimples, Tetter, Blotches, Erysipelas, Female Complaints, Dyspepsia, Lassitude, General Debility, and all diseases arising from an impure and unhealthy state of the blood.

For sale by

S. J. CODORI, Jr.,

Balto. St., Gettysburg, Pa.
Feb. 27, 1897. tf

Meadow Valley Farms,

Gettysburg, Pa.

Standard Bred Horses.
Jersey Cattle.
Poland-China Hogs.
Thoroughbred Poultry.
Bronze & White Holland Turkeys.
Barred & White Plymouth Rock Chickens.
Mammoth Pekin Ducks.

Stock Always For Sale.

Dec 7, 1897. tf

REUBEN H. CULP,

Dealer in

WALL PAPER,

Has a full line of

Paper For Sale.

—ALSO—

PAPERHANGING

done on short notice in

A WORKMANLIKE MANNER.

Give him a trial.

York Street, 2nd Square.

Mar. 29, 1898. 6m

Ask Your Druggist for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE

CATARRH



Ely's Cream Balm contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c; Trial size 10c at Druggists or by mail.

COLD IN HEAD

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

Your PICTURE Taken

GET IT TAKEN AT THE

New Photograph Gallery,

IN THE M'PHERSON BUILDING

Baltimore Street, - - GETTYSBURG, PA.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Taken in all the latest styles. Special attention paid to children.

Crayons, Pastels, Water Colors and Sepias

AT THE OLD STAND.

J. I. MUMPER.
Nov. 19, 1895. tf

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE LUMBER YARD, Switch and Shedding owned by MRS. JACOB SHEADS; also the DWELLING, comparatively new, well built, modern and complete, home owned by Emory Sheads. Refer parties to
Jan. 11, 1898. tf I. EMORY BAIR.

J. Geo. WOLF'S SONS,

LIMITED.

(Successor to J. GEO. WOLF & SONS.)

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GRAIN, FLOUR, SALT, FEEDS,

&c. Also a large assortment of

..LUMBER and COAL..

We wish for a continuance of all the old customers of the house and the public in general. We pay the cash for all our goods and WE SELL FOR THE CASH. Oct. 17, 1898. tf

BEFORE Purchasing a **BICYCLE,**

CALL AND EXAMINE MY LINE OF —WHEELS, FROM—

$20 to $100 EACH,

—SOLD ON THE—

Installment Plan.

Repairing of Every Description.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND TERMS.

Harry B. Armor,

Chambersburg St.,

Gettysburg, Pa.

June 7, '98. tf

ESTABLISHED 1871.

RINEHART CHILDS & BRIGGS, Commission Merchants,

Solicit consignments of all Farm Products, such as Pork, Calves Poultry, Butter Eggs Wool Seed Potatoes, Game, Lard, &c. Long experience in the business enables us to offer the best facilities for handling Produce in large quantities. Our motto is, immediate returns of the cash for all shipments.

Refer to

J. O. BLOCHER, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Mar. 1, '98. 1y

C. C. SEFTON,

FASHIONABLE BARBER,

Baltimore St., near Middle.

Razors, Strops, Perfumery, Soaps, &c., for sale in great variety. July 27, 1897. tf

ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND

Pain-Killer

THERE IS NO KIND OF PAIN OR ACHE, INTERNAL OR EXTERNAL, THAT PAIN-KILLER WILL NOT RELIEVE.

LOOK OUT FOR IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES. THE GENUINE BOTTLE BEARS THE NAME,

PERRY DAVIS & SON.

PILES RUDY'S PILE Suppository

is guaranteed to cure PILES, and CONSTIPATION (bleeding, itching, protruding, inwardly, whether of recent or long standing, or money refunded. It gives instant relief, and effects a radical and permanent cure. No surgical operation required. Try it and relieve your sufferings. Send for list of testimonials and free sample. Only 50 cts. a box. For sale by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.

MARTIN RUDY, Reg. Pharmacist, Lancaster, Pa.
Nov. 9 1897. 1y

DEWEY SELL GOODS?

WE DO, and if you don't believe it, come and see what the **Racket Store** is doing in that direction. Below we name prices, that is only a few of the many good things that are found in our place:

NOTIONS.

Pins, 1c paper, pen points, 4 for 1c, invisible hair pins, 2 packs for 1c, hooks and eyes, 1c dozen, and 2 doz. for 1c, basting thread 2c, spool, linen thread 4 spools for 5c machine thread 3c spool, needles 1c paper, dress facings 8c bolt, Greek garters 8c pair, purses from 2c up to 10c, ladies collars 8c, cuffs 13c, mens' linen collars 8c, linen cuffs 13c, mens' water proof collars 5c, mens' water proof cuffs 9c pr., side combs 5c pr., fancy hat pins 8-10-12 and 15c each, alarm clocks 65c, writing paper 8-12 and 20c per box, embroidery cotton 2c spool, richer silk 8c spool, fans 1-5-8 and 9c, ladies' corsets 25-44 and 47c, men's watch guards 3-4-25 and 59c each, sea island twine 4c ball, envelopes 3c pack, good pen tablets only 4 to 6c.

HOSIERY.

Childrens' hose 5 and 9c, mens' half hose 3-4-5-8 and 9c, ladies' hose 5-8 and 12c, boys' suspenders 8 and 10c, men's suspenders 10-12 and 13c, men's bow neckties 5c, four-in-hand 15-18 and 20c.

MENS' HATS.—Mens' linen hats 24 and 35c, mens' soft hats 99c. Boys' hats 24 and 96c. Ladies' sailor hats 25 and 49c. Handkerchiefs 1 up to 10c.

SHIRTWAISTS.

Ladies' shirtwaists 30-42 and 65c. Gingham aprons 10c. Men's working shirts 18 and 50c, mens' fine shirts from 24 to 78c. Lace Curtains 39-61 and $1.10 pr. Window shades 10-12-14 and 14c.

HARDWARE.

Files from 2 to 10c, horse rasps 14 to 29c, shoe makers' hammers 8c, nail hammers 10 to 14c, pad locks from 4 to 20c, curry combs 5 to 7c, planes 32-37 and 43c, strap hinges 1c to the inch, spirit levels 24 and 34c, paint brushes 3-4-24-29 and 39c, lemon juice extractors 5c, screw corks 6c doz., carpet tacks 1c per box, horse brushes 9 to 18c, bits 5c to the quarter of inch, soldering sets 8c, umbrellas 45-52 and $1.25, silk parasols 99c, clinch rivets 8c box, bed castors 5c per set, hair brushes 7 and 8c, pin bits 4-7 and 8c, tooth picks 4c box, hooks and staples 1c, saw sets 9c, shoe soles 10c pr., tire bolts 1c, carriage bolts 1c, pulleys 5c, braces 24 and 50c, white wash brushes 3-4 and 6c, repair links 1c each, garden trowels 5c, small vices 19c, tack pullers 5c, hatchet handles 3c, rat traps 10c, mouse traps, 7c, bread, cake and paring knife 20c for the set, stove brushes 10c, toilet soap 1-3-4 and 7c per cake, shoe blacking 1-3 and 5c a box, gem balls 5c, ink 3c, mucilage 3c a bottle, tea spoons 3 and 8c a set, table spoons 6 and 15c a set, hair kids, 4 and 5c doz., butter prints 4c, stove blackening 5c box, knives and forks 39c a set, clothes bluing 5c bottle and 4c box, toy cap pistols 4c, pincers 8c, chisels from 10 to 29c, shaving brushes 5c, baby rattles 5c, scissors 5-8 and 10c, childrens' collars 2c, chair seats 4-5 and 6c.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' gauze vests 5-8-10 and 14c, childrens' gauze vests 3 and 4c, mens' gauze underwear 45 and 62c a suit, mens' pants from 74c to $1.30, boy's overalls 22c, mens' overalls 32 and 37c, youths' overalls 25c, boys' knee pants 25-40 and 48c, mens' working coats 64c and $1.10

SHOES.

Childrens' shoes from 20 to 75c, mens' working shoe from $1.00 to $1.-35, mens' dress shoe from $1.00 to $2.-65, mens' bicycle shoes $1.46, boys' dress shoe from 98c to $1.58, ladies' shoes from 70c to $2.00. We have a lot of childrens' gum soled slippers from 7 to 13 in size for 15c, table oil cloth 12 and 14c yd., oil cloth for covering wagons 22c yd, floor oil cloth 19c yd, clothes pins 1c dozen, laundry soap 2 cakes for 5c. A big bargain in rag carpet at 15c yd, wash rubbers 8 and 10c, brooms 10-13 and 18c, door mats 17-19-20 and 23c, rugs 19-45 and 62c, cheniele curtains $2.25 pr., ladies' dress skirts 98c to $1.29, toilet papers 3c roll, buggy spreads 18-30-40-44 and 45c, trunks $3 15 and $3 45.

JEWELRY.

Ladies' belts 8 and 22c, bone collar buttons 3 and 5c a doz., ladies' shirt waist sets, 7-10 and 20c, mens' shirt sets 9c, collar buttons from 1 to 10c, mens' watches $3. 18, stick pins 3-5 and 15c, belt pins 5 and 10c, sleeve holders 3c, eye glasses 5c.

TINWARE.

Tin cups 1c, dippers 4 and 5c, buckets 6-7-8-10 15 and 17c, kerosene cans 10-15 and 20c, trays 5-9-10 and 20c, milk strainer 6 and 8c, collanders 7 and 8c, flower sieves 9 and 10c, stew pans 6-7-8 and 10c, stew kettles 6-7-8-10 and 12c, tea strainers 4c tea caddys 5 and 6c, basons 5c, dish pans 13-15-19 and 22c, egg whippers 2c, pie dishes 2c, spoons 2c, dust pans 5c, gilt clay ware 12-14-19 and 24c.

AGATE WARE.

Pie dishes 5 and 7c, pudding dishes 7-8-10-11 and 14c, stew kettles 10-13-16 and 25c, large preserving kettles 36 and 45c, basons 10 and 11c, cooking pots 35 and 42c, buckets 12-14 and 25c, coffee pots, 21-27 and 35c, drinking cups 5c, dippers 5 and 9c, steel frying pans 5-6-9 and 20c, roasters 35c.

Yours for Economy,

McDaniel & Cook,

Opposite Court-house,

GETTYSBURG.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS / CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES — 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WITH MY EXPERIENCE OF OVER 15 YEARS IN THE

Marble & Granite BUSINESS.

I offer to you this season the largest and most complete line of

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, MARKERS, &c.,

kept anywhere in the County. This work is all new and of the latest designs, and from now on will be sold at a very small profit.

J. A. KNOUSS,
ARENDTSVILLE, PA.
Apr 5, '98 tf

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

McCORMICK BINDERS AND MOWERS,

and all repairs to that make of machine;

A FULL LINE OF —

Plows, Harrows, Hay Rakes, Cultivators, Corn Planters, The Farmer's Favorite Drill;

A FULL LINE OF —

Fertilizers Binder Twine Oil for Machinery.

Repairs for other machines can be gotten on very short notice. Look at your machines and see what repairs you need, and order them at once. Don't put it off till harvest. Get now what you need and when harvest comes you are ready.

J. EDW. REILING, Agt.

Office and Storage-House, Lightner's Shed, near P. & R. Station.
Apr. 19, '98, 6m



THINK OF EVERY

Good point a perfect cooking appliance should have—then examine the

CINDERELLA STOVES & RANGES

Makes kitchen work a pleasure.

GOOD BAKERS—PERFECT ROASTERS.

SOLD WITH THAT UNDERSTANDING

A. J. SMITH,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

MEN WANTED

TO BUY SOME JOB-LOTS OF

Men's $3, $4 and $5 Shoes

—AT—

$1.75 and $1.50.

"Big Cuts" ON PRICES OF SOME Straw Hats.

AMOS ECKERT.

HORNER'S ABSOLUTELY Pure Animal Bone FERTILIZERS, FOR All Crops AND Permanent Grass.

WARRANTED IN THE FULL PRICE OF THE GOODS.

Higher in Essential Qualities than any other Goods on the Market.

WE WILL SELL EITHER BY ANALYSIS, OR WEIGHT.

PREPARED THE FORMER WAY. SEND FOR CIRCULAR

JOSHUA HORNER, JR. & CO.,
SOUTH CALVERT STREET, BALTIMORE.
June 11, '98. 3m



Blowing Our Horn

comes quite easy.

We have such a fine line of

Musical Instruments

in stock that it's a pleasure to talk about them. But as there is more profit in selling than talking, we invite those of musical instincts to visit our store. Even if no purchase is made, they will have seen what beauty of make and tone, range and finish is possessed by our Pianos, Organs, Guitars and Banjos, and we will have made some friends. Of course, it is well known that our prices are always the lowest.

G. E. SPANGLER'S
MUSIC ROOMS, - YORK ST.,
GETTYSBURG PENN'A.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by at Codori's Drug Store.

WATCH OUR STORE

—FOR—

BARGAINS

—IN—

SPRING and SUMMER HATS and SHOES

PRICES UNEQUALLED.

C. B. KITZMILLER.

Hardware Store.

Hardware,
Iron and Steel,
Woodenware,
Tinware
SPORTING GOODS,
Leather,
Carriage Findings,
Shoe Findings,
Paints, Lamps,
Glass, Oils, &c.

W. H. MAYER,

Balto. St., Opp. COMPILER Office.
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Gettysburg Co[…]

PUBLISHED ON TU[…]

STAHLE & BRO., Editors a[…]
SUCCESSORS TO H. J. ST[…]

TERMS—TWO DOLLARS a ye[…] strictly in Cash and in advan[…] AND FIFTY CENTS will be ac[…] scription discontinued unle[…] of the publishers, until all[…] paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at […] large reduction to those wh[…] the year.

JOB PRINTING of every descri[…] smallest label or card to th[…] bill or poster—done with […] workmanlike manner, and […] living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a f[…] the Court-house, on the oppo[…]

PROFESSIONAL […]

Dr. J. W. C. O'N[…]
OFFICE ON BALTIMORE […] High, Gettysburg, Pa. […]

Dr. Henry Stew[…]
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON […] Office and residence on B[…] Special attention paid to dise[…] Ear, Nose and Throat. Telepho[…] Apl. 24, 1896. tf

Chas. B. Stouffer, D[…]
DENTIST, GETTYSBU[…]
OFFICE second-floor of […] Star and Se[…] May 3, 1892. tf

Dr. F. C. Wol[…]
HAVING located at EAST […] county, hopes that by stri[…] his professional duties he may […] public patronage. Ap[…]

Dr. J. W. Tudo[…]
DENTIST, GETTYSBU[…]
OFFICE in Eckert Buildin[…] Odontunder always on h[…] extraction. Ap[…]

Dr. C. E. Eckenr[…]
FROM Jan. 1, 1898, charges on […] will be as follows: Sets for […] $5, still now $8. $15, […] positively be sat factory. […]

JOHN R. WHITE, […] DONALD […]
McPherson & McPh[…]
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETT[…] Office second-story Star and […] Will promptly attend to […] ness entrusted to them. […]

C. W. Stoner, […]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETT[…] Office on Baltimore St., on s[…] Columbian Building. Oc[…]

R. E. Wible, […]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETT[…] Office on Baltimore St. on s[…] Columbian Building. M[…]

Wm. Hersh, […]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETT[…] Will carefully and promptly […] legal business entrusted to h[…] Baltimore street, opposite the C[…] Sept 19 1893. tf

G. J. Benner, […]
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in rooms form[…] by Dr. Brenneman's Drug Store. […] Dec. 16, 1890. tf

WM. McCLEAN, Late Presd. Judge. […] WM ARC[…]
Wm. & Wm. Arch M[…]
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETTYS[…] Offices—West side of Baltimor[…] door from Centre Square. Ja[…]

J. L. Kendlehar[…]
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Lately practicing in Phi[…] removed to Gettysburg and is st[…] in the several Courts of Adams […] on Baltimore street, opposite the […] in the rooms recently occup[…] S. McC. Swope. All legal busin[…] and carefully attended to. Ja[…]

W. C. Sheely, […]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTY[…] Office in rooms over G. W. Spa[…] Dec. 16, 1890. tf

Wm. P. Quimby[…]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, A[…] (Formerly with L. Ba W[…]) Office on Chambersburg street, […] ler's Drug Store. […]

Chas. E. Stahle, […]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTY[…] Will promptly attend to all le[…] entrusted to his care. Office […] Building. Mar[…]

Wm. McSherry, J[…]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, A[…] Will carefully and promptly at[…] gal business entrusted to him. O[…] the Court-house. De[…]

S. S. Neely, […]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTY[…] Office on York street, next do[…] burg National Bank. […]

J. L. Butt, […]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTY[…] Collections and all legal busine[…] attended to. Office on Baltimor[…] ond floor of Spangler Building. […]

John Reed Scott[…]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTY[…] Office in room formerly occup[…] Wills, Centre Square. All le[…] receive prompt attention. Sept[…]

Edward A. Wea[…]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office over A. […] northeast corner of the Squar[…] Pa. Will carefully and promp[…] all business entrusted to him. […]

J. L. Williams, […]
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTY[…] Collections and all legal busin[…] attended to. Office on Baltimor[…] square, in Spangler building. May 24, 1892. tf

THE BABY'S […]

HODNETT'S […]

For Sale […]

Mar. 29, '98. 1y

Meadow[…] Valley Far[…]

Gettysburg, Pa.

Standard Bred Ho[…]
Jersey Cattle.
Poland-China Hog[…]
Thoroughbred Poul[…]
Bronze & White […] Turkeys.
Barred & White Pl[…] Rock Chickens
Mammoth Pekin […]

Stock Always […]

Dec. 7, 1897. tf

CHANGE OF F[…]

HAVING again a[…] entire control […] business lately co[…] in the firm name […]

ELLIOTT & HOU[…]

I would respectfull[…] continuance of past […]

Honest Goods
Honest Prices
FAIR DEA[…]

will characterize t[…] business.

R. M. EL[…]

HATS, SHOES and Gents. F[…]
Cor. Carlisle st. and Ce[…]
July 5, '98. tf

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